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Electrical Schematics and Documentation

FOR CURTIS 1239 "E" VERSION

CONTROLLERS SOFTWARE VERSIONS 5.32

AND HIGHER

FOR SINGLE AND DUAL MOTOR

APPLICATIONS
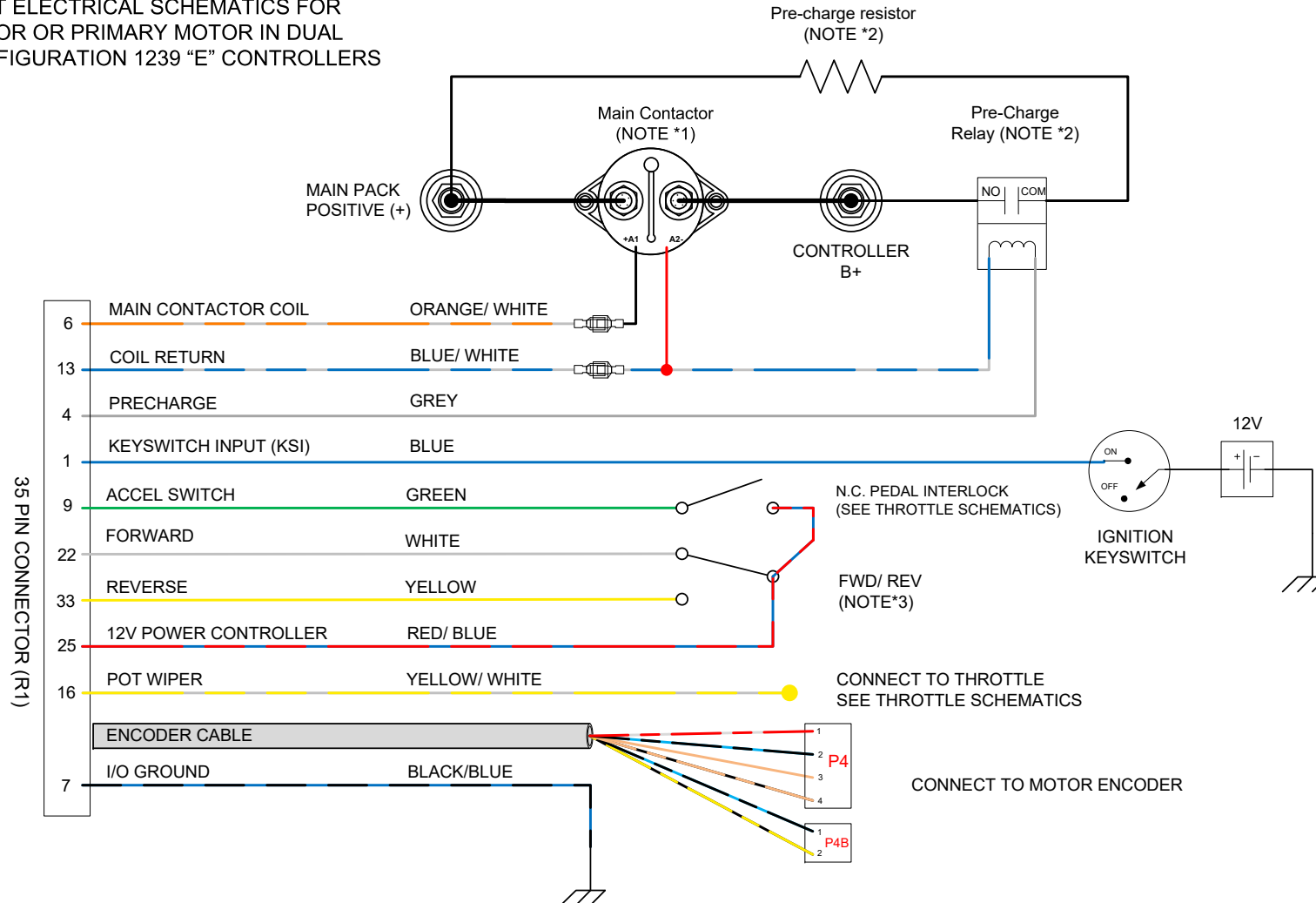
REVISION: A
Date 6/09/2017

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QUICK START GENERIC ELECTRICAL SCHEMATICS
1239 "E" CONTROLLERS

       The following quick start electrical schematics for both single and dual motor configurations have been generated to assist in quickly getting the drive system connected and running.

QUICK START ELECTRICAL SCHEMATICS FOR
SINGLE MOTOR OR PRIMARY MOTOR IN DUAL
MOTOR CONFIGURATION 1239 "E" CONTROLLERS

Pre-charge resistor
(NOTE *2)

Main Contactor
(NOTE *1)

Pre-Charge
Relay (NOTE *2)

MAIN PACK
POSITIVE (+)

NO | COM

+A1   A2-

CONTROLLER
B+

35 PIN CONNECTOR (R1)

Pin	Label	Color
6	MAIN CONTACTOR COIL	ORANGE/ WHITE
13	COIL RETURN	BLUE/ WHITE
4	PRECHARGE	GREY
1	KEYSWITCH INPUT (KSI)	BLUE
9	ACCEL SWITCH	GREEN
22	FORWARD	WHITE
33	REVERSE	YELLOW
25	12V POWER CONTROLLER	RED/ BLUE
16	POT WIPER	YELLOW/ WHITE
	ENCODER CABLE	
7	I/O GROUND	BLACK/BLUE

N.C. PEDAL INTERLOCK
(SEE THROTTLE SCHEMATICS)

FWD/ REV
(NOTE*3)

12V

ON
OFF

IGNITION
KEYSWITCH

CONNECT TO THROTTLE
SEE THROTTLE SCHEMATICS

P4
1
2
3
4

P4B
1
2

CONNECT TO MOTOR ENCODER

NOTES:

(*1) Use supplied contactor (GIGAVAC Part #GV200PA-1). Use only a Contactor WITHOUT PWM AND COIL SUPPRESSION. FAILURE TO DO SO CAN CAUSE CONTROLLER FAILURE AND WILL VOID WARRANTY.

(*2) Use supplied pre-charge resistor and relay (Tyco Electronics Part # T9AP1D52-12). For coil connection, connect to small terminals.

(*3) Forward is CLOCKWISE motor rotation from encoder end view. Depending on transmission configuration, use either wire to obtain desired rotation. Use FWD & REV switch in direct drive applications.

CAD TYPE VISIO	APPLICABLE SOFTWARE	VERSION 5.32 & UP
UNIT NONE	DRAWING	1010-1239-QS-E-GEN- 36505
DRW SIZE A	TITLE	QUICK START SCHEMATIC FOR 1239 "E" CONTROLLERS
DATE 4/18/16		
SUPPLIER PART		
SCALE NONE	SHEET 1 OF 1	REVISION B	HPEVS

4

Pin #	Name	Function	Terminations	Wire color	Detailed Description
1	KSI	Keyswitch_Input		Blue	Keyswitch input. Provides logic power for the controller and power for the coil drivers.
4	Driver 3	Precharge		Grey	Precharge relay driver. (1239 ONLY)
6	Driver 1	Main_Contactor		Orange/White	Main Contactor Coil Driver.
7	I/O Ground			Black/Blue	Input and output ground reference.
9	Switch 3	Accel_Switch_Input	Active high, connect to 12 volts. See schematic	Green	Used as safety interlock; switch is open when throttle switch is released. Type 2 & 3 throttle only.
13	Coil Return	Coil Return	Common to all relay coils	Blue/White	This is the coil return pin (at B+ potential) for all the contactor and relay coils.
16	Throttle Pot Wiper	Pot Wiper		Yellow/White	Wiper or throttle input.
22	Switch 7	Forward_Switch_Input	Active high, connect to KSI to activate.	White	Used by the Motor Control to select forward direction
25	+12V Out			Red/Blue	Unregulated low power +12V output.
33	Switch 8	Reverse_Switch_Input	Active high, connect to KSI to activate.	Yellow	Used by the Motor Control to select reverse direction

REVISIONS		
REV	DESCRIPTION	APPROVED
A	Initial Release	4/18/2016

QUICK START ELECTRICAL SCHEMATICS FOR
1239 "E" SECONDARY CONTROLLERS
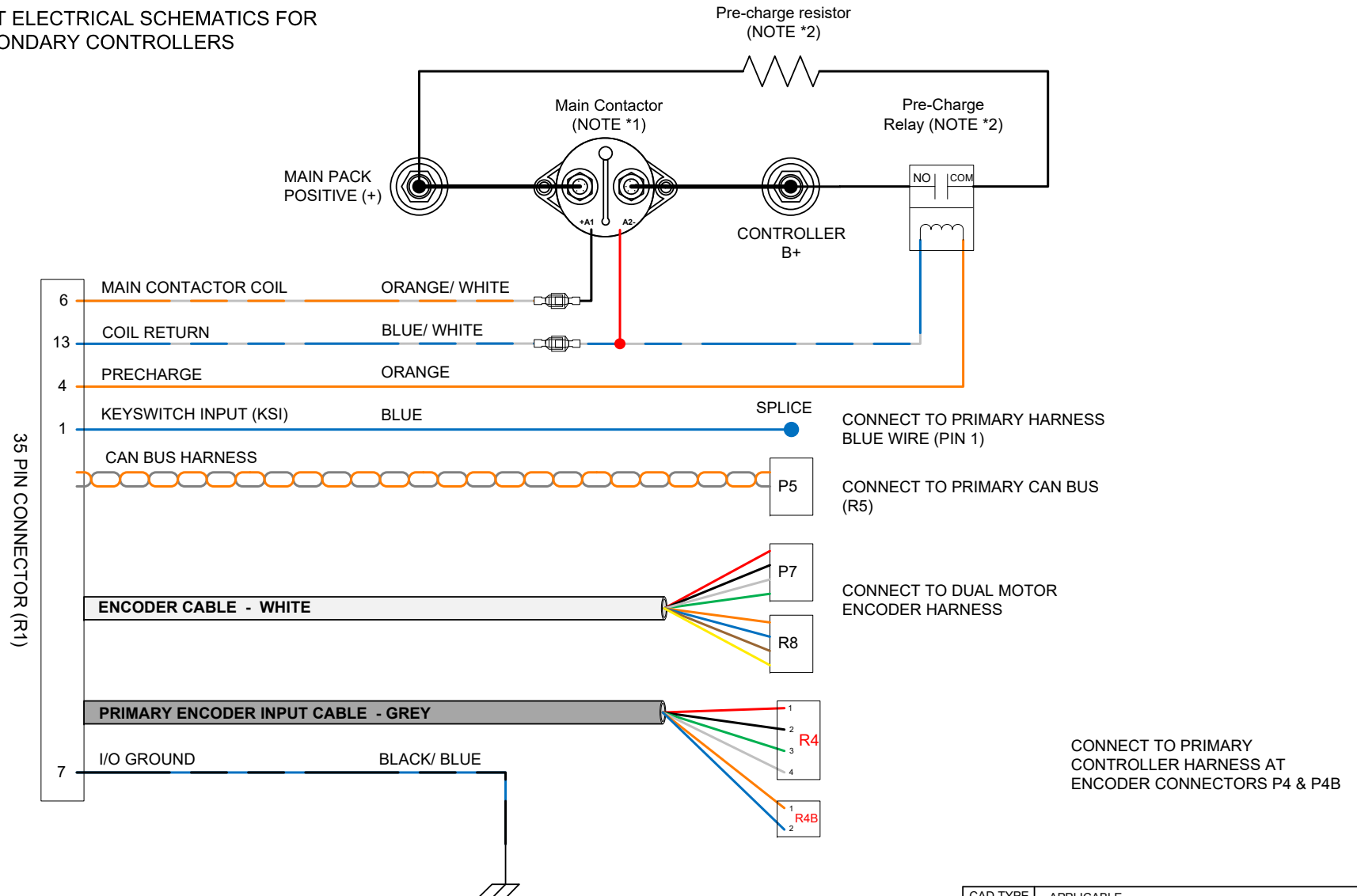
Pre-charge resistor
(NOTE *2)

Main Contactor
(NOTE *1)

Pre-Charge
Relay (NOTE *2)

MAIN PACK
POSITIVE (+)

NO | COM

+A1   A2-

CONTROLLER
B+

35 PIN CONNECTOR (R1)

6	MAIN CONTACTOR COIL	ORANGE/ WHITE
13	COIL RETURN	BLUE/ WHITE
4	PRECHARGE	ORANGE
1	KEYSWITCH INPUT (KSI)	BLUE	SPLICE

CONNECT TO PRIMARY HARNESS
BLUE WIRE (PIN 1)

CAN BUS HARNESS

P5

CONNECT TO PRIMARY CAN BUS
(R5)

P7

ENCODER CABLE - WHITE

R8

CONNECT TO DUAL MOTOR
ENCODER HARNESS

PRIMARY ENCODER INPUT CABLE - GREY

1
2
3
4
R4

1
2
R4B

| 7 | I/O GROUND | BLACK/ BLUE |

CONNECT TO PRIMARY
CONTROLLER HARNESS AT
ENCODER CONNECTORS P4 & P4B

NOTES:

(*1) Use supplied contactor. (GIGAVAC Part #GV200PA-1). Use only a Contactor WITHOUT PWM AND COIL SUPPRESSION. FAILURE TO DO SO CAN CAUSE CONTROLLER FAILURE AND WILL VOID WARRANTY.

(*2) Use supplied pre-charge resistor and relay (Tyco Electronics Part # T9AP1D52-12). For Coil connection, connect to small terminals.

CAD TYPE VISIO	APPLICABLE SOFTWARE	VERSION 5.32 & UP	
UNIT NONE	DRAWING	1010-1239-QS-SEC-E-GEN- 36505	
DRW SIZE A	TITLE	QUICK START SCHEMATIC FOR SECONDARY 1239 "E" CONTROLLERS	
DATE 4/18/16			
SUPPLIER PART			
SCALE NONE	SHEET 1 OF 1	REVISION C	HPEVS

Quick Start Electrical Schematic Generic Software Pin Out Specific for 1239 "E" Secondary Controller in Dual Motor Applications

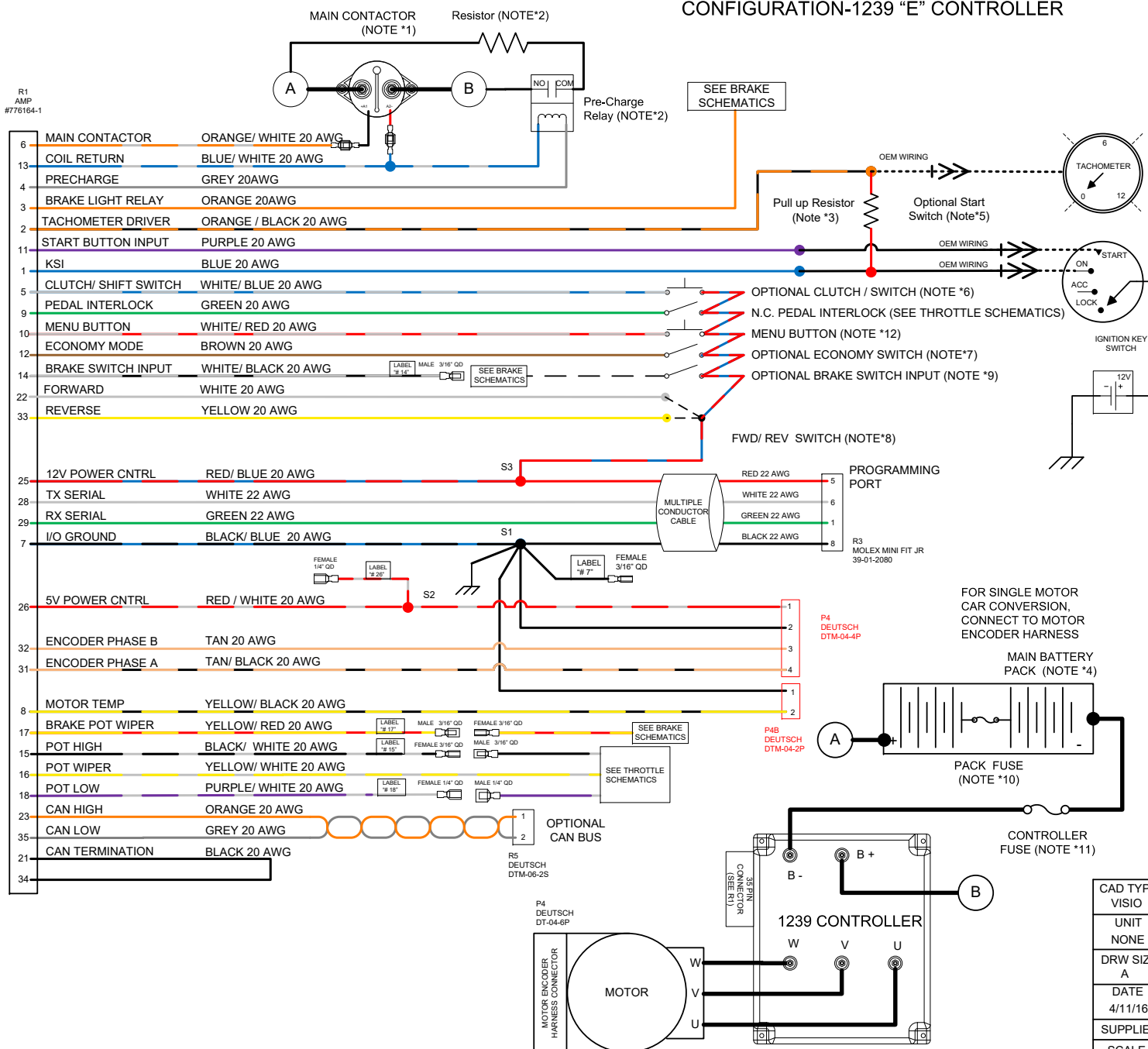| Pin #	Name	Function	Terminations	Wire color	Detailed Description
1	KSI	Keyswitch_Input		Blue	Keyswitch input. Provides logic power for the controller and power for the coil drivers. Connect to primary harness at the Blue KSI wire.
4	Driver 3	Precharge		Orange	Precharge relay driver. **(1239 ONLY)**
6	Driver 1	Main_Contactor		Orange/White	Main Contactor Coil Driver.
7	I/O Ground			Black/Blue	Input and output ground reference.
13	Coil Return	Coil Return	Common to all relay coils	Blue/White	This is the coil return pin (at B+ potential) for all the contactor and relay coils.
23	CANH	CAN High		Orange	CAN bus high.
35	CANL	CAN Low		Grey	CAN bus low.

GENERIC FULL ELECTRICAL SCHEMATICS 1239 "E" CONTROLLERS

SCHEMATIC FOR SINGLE MOTOR OR PRIMARY MOTOR IN A DUAL MOTOR CONFIGURATION-1239 "E" CONTROLLER

REVISIONS		
REV	DESCRIPTION	APPROVED
A	Initial Release	4/ 11/ 2016

MAIN CONTACTOR (NOTE *1)
Resistor (NOTE*2)
Pre-Charge Relay (NOTE*2)
SEE BRAKE SCHEMATICS

R1 AMP #776164-1

#	Signal	Wire
6	MAIN CONTACTOR	ORANGE/ WHITE 20 AWG
13	COIL RETURN	BLUE/ WHITE 20 AWG
4	PRECHARGE	GREY 20AWG
3	BRAKE LIGHT RELAY	ORANGE 20AWG
2	TACHOMETER DRIVER	ORANGE / BLACK 20 AWG
11	START BUTTON INPUT	PURPLE 20 AWG
1	KSI	BLUE 20 AWG
5	CLUTCH/ SHIFT SWITCH	WHITE/ BLUE 20 AWG
9	PEDAL INTERLOCK	GREEN 20 AWG
10	MENU BUTTON	WHITE/ RED 20 AWG
12	ECONOMY MODE	BROWN 20 AWG
14	BRAKE SWITCH INPUT	WHITE/ BLACK 20 AWG
22	FORWARD	WHITE 20 AWG
33	REVERSE	YELLOW 20 AWG
25	12V POWER CNTRL	RED/ BLUE 20 AWG
28	TX SERIAL	WHITE 22 AWG
29	RX SERIAL	GREEN 22 AWG
7	I/O GROUND	BLACK/ BLUE 20 AWG
26	5V POWER CNTRL	RED / WHITE 20 AWG
32	ENCODER PHASE B	TAN 20 AWG
31	ENCODER PHASE A	TAN/ BLACK 20 AWG
8	MOTOR TEMP	YELLOW/ BLACK 20 AWG
17	BRAKE POT WIPER	YELLOW/ RED 20 AWG
15	POT HIGH	BLACK/ WHITE 20 AWG
16	POT WIPER	YELLOW/ WHITE 20 AWG
18	POT LOW	PURPLE/ WHITE 20 AWG
23	CAN HIGH	ORANGE 20 AWG
35	CAN LOW	GREY 20 AWG
21	CAN TERMINATION	BLACK 20 AWG
34		

OEM WIRING
TACHOMETER
Pull up Resistor (Note *3)
Optional Start Switch (Note*5)
OPTIONAL CLUTCH / SWITCH (NOTE *6)
N.C. PEDAL INTERLOCK (SEE THROTTLE SCHEMATICS)
MENU BUTTON (NOTE *12)
OPTIONAL ECONOMY SWITCH (NOTE*7)
OPTIONAL BRAKE SWITCH INPUT (NOTE *9)
FWD/ REV SWITCH (NOTE*8)
IGNITION KEY SWITCH
START / ON / ACC / LOCK
12V

PROGRAMMING PORT
RED 22 AWG
WHITE 22 AWG
GREEN 22 AWG
BLACK 22 AWG
MULTIPLE CONDUCTOR CABLE
R3 MOLEX MINI FIT JR 39-01-2080

FOR SINGLE MOTOR CAR CONVERSION, CONNECT TO MOTOR ENCODER HARNESS
P4 DEUTSCH DTM-04-4P
P4B DEUTSCH DTM-04-2P

MAIN BATTERY PACK (NOTE *4)
PACK FUSE (NOTE *10)
CONTROLLER FUSE (NOTE *11)

SEE BRAKE SCHEMATICS
SEE THROTTLE SCHEMATICS
LABEL # 14, # 26, # 7, # 17, # 15, # 18

OPTIONAL CAN BUS
R5 DEUTSCH DTM-06-2S

P4 DEUTSCH DT-04-6P
MOTOR ENCODER HARNESS CONNECTOR
MOTOR
1239 CONTROLLER
B -   B +
W V U

NOTES:

(*1) Use supplied Contactor (GIGAVAC Part # GV200PA-1). Use only a contactor WITHOUT A PWM AND COIL SUPPRESSOIN. FAILURE TO DO SO CAN CAUSE CONTROLLER FAILURE AND WILL VOID THE WARRANTY.

(*2) Use supplied Pre-Charge Resistor and Relay (Tyco Electronics Part # T9AP1D52-12). For Coil connection, connect to small terminals.

(*3) Tachometers that are designed to work off of an ignition coil may not function in this application. Some Tachometers may need a pull up resistor of 4.7K Ω to function

(*4) A Battery Management System (BMS) is strongly recommended if Lithium Ion batteries are used. Possible source of BMS is Ewert Energy System's ORION BMS (www.orionbms.com)

(*5) Start switch is required if Idle or Creep Torque parameters are ENABLED. See Programming Instructions. A start switch CAN be used without IDLE. See programming instructions for information

(*6) Install the Optional Clutch/Shift Switch so that is ON when the clutch pedals is pressed. When clutch pedal is pressed the regen setting is changed to Shift Neutral Braking Parameter to prevent the motor from stalling during gear shifting. In a clutch less system, this allows you to set the coast down rate of the motor so that the gears align properly. See Instructions on SHIFT-NEUTRAL BRAKING PARAMETERS.

(*7) Allows the use of ECONO Mode Parameters. See Programming Instructions.

(*8) Forward is CLOCKWISE motor rotation from Encoder end view. Depending on Transmission configuration, use either wire to obtain desired rotation. Use FWD & REV Switch in direct drive applications.

(*9) See Brake Schematics

(*10) Use Pack Fuse rated at 400A for Single controller applications. For Dual controller use 800A Pack Fuse.

(*11) Only for Dual motor application. Use Controller Fuse rated at 400A for each controller.

(*12) Gives access to Drive System information. Required to access Programming and Diagnostic modes. See Programming Instructions.

CAD TYPE	VISIO	APPLICABLE SOFTWARE	Version 365.000 & Up
UNIT	NONE	DRAWING	1010-AUTO1239-PRI-VER365.000
DRW SIZE	A	TITLE	1239 "E" CONTROLLER ON-ROAD VEHICLE CONVERSION / PRIMARY DUAL MOTOR SCHEMATICS
DATE	4/11/16		
		SUPPLIER PART	HW-1010AUTO1239-HPG
SCALE	none	SHEET 1 OF 1	REVISION B	HPEVS

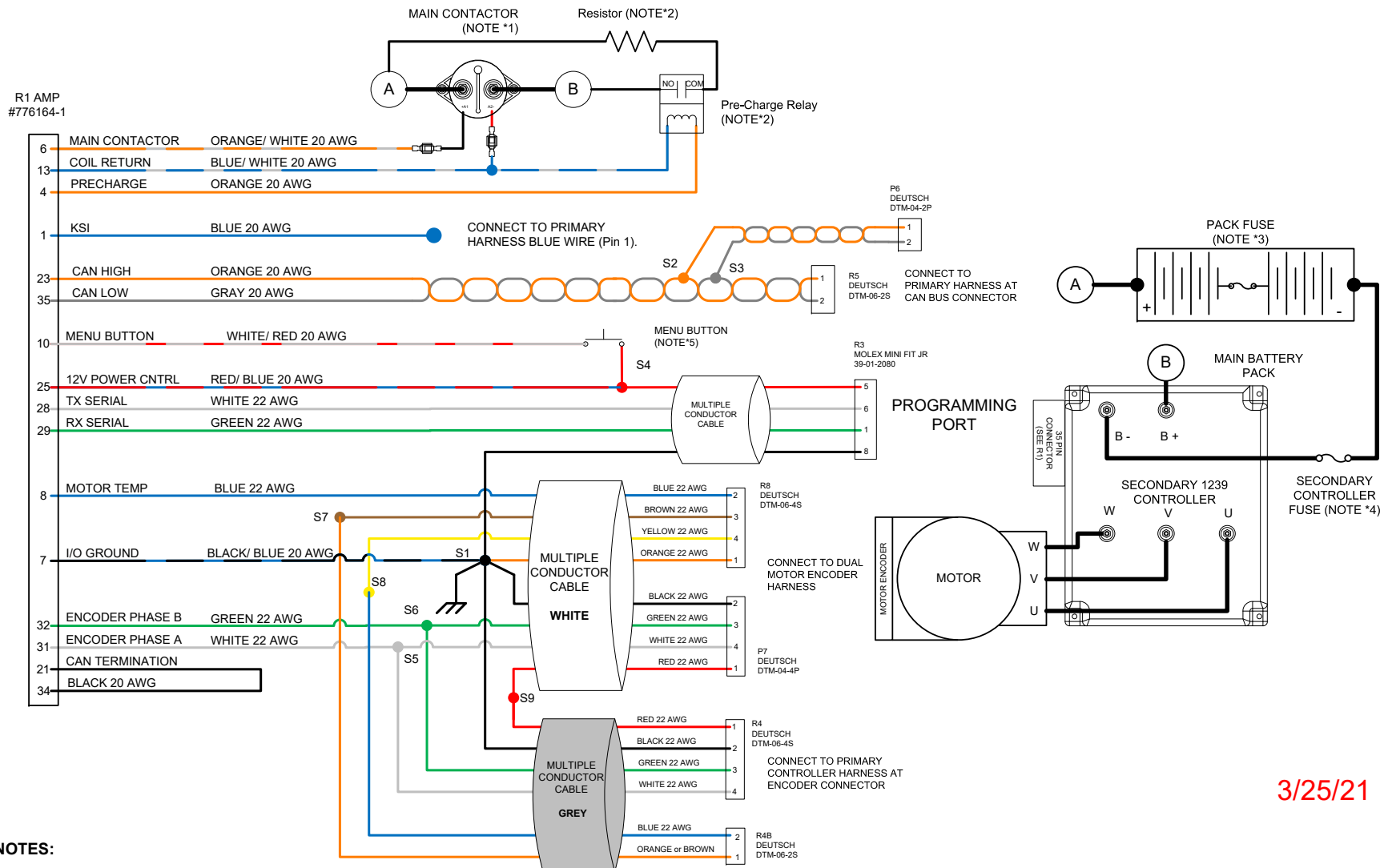| Pin #	Name	Function	Terminations	Wire color	Detailed Description
	Generic Software 538 Switch Pin Out Specific for 1239 Controller Single Motor or Primary in Dual Motor Applications				
1	KSI	Keyswitch_Input		Blue	Keyswitch input. Provides logic power for the controller and power for the coil drivers.
2	Prop. Driver	Tachometer Driver		Orange/Blk	Digital output used to drive a tachometer
3	Driver 4	Brake Light Relay		Orange	Brake light relay driver
4	N/C	Precharge		Grey	Precharge relay driver
5	Switch 10	Clutch/Shift Switch		Wht/Blue	Switch input is used to reduce neutral braking while shifting
6	Driver 1	Main_Contactor		Orange/Wht	Main Contactor Coil Driver.
7	I/O Ground			Black/Blue	Input and output ground reference.
8	Analog 2	Motor_Temperature_Sensor		Yellow/Black	Used as the motor temperature analog input
9	Switch 3	Accel_Switch_Input	Active high, connect to 12 volts. See schematic	Green	Used as safety interlock; switch is open when throttle switch is released. Type 2 & 3 throttle only.
10	Menu	Menu_Button	Active high, connect to 12 volts. See schematic	White/Red	Momentary switch; used to scroll through 840 spyglass display
11	Switch 5	Start_Switch_Input	Active high, connect to 12 volts. See schematic	Purple	Momentary switch; Enables drive system when Idle function is turned ON.
12	Switch 6	Economy_Mode_Switch_Input		Brown	Switch input used to activate Economy Mode.
13	Coil Return	Coil Return	Common to all relay coils	Blue/White	This is the coil return pin (at B+ potential) for all the contactor and relay coils.
14	Brake Switch Input	Brake_Sw		White/Black	Switch input used for brake rate.
15	Throttle Pot High	Pot High		Black/Wht	Pot high connection for a 3-wire throttle pot.
16	Throttle Pot Wiper	Pot Wiper		Yellow/Wht	Wiper or throttle input.
17	Pot2 Wiper	Brake Pot Wiper		Yellow/Red	Brake input.
18	Pot Low	Pot Low		Purple/Wht	Pot low connection for brake and throttle.
19	N/C				
20	N/C				
21	CAN Term H	CAN Termination		Black	CAN termination jumper.
22	Switch 7	Forward_Switch_Input	Active high, connect to KSI to activate.	White	Used by the Motor Control to select forward direction
23	CANH	CAN High		Orange	CAN bus high.
24	N/C				
25	+12V Out			Red/Blue	Unregulated low power +12V output.
26	+5V Out			Red/White	Regulated low power +5V output.
27	N/C				
28	Serial TX			White	Serial transmit line for display or flash update.
29	Serial RX			Green	Serial receive line for display or flash update.
30	N/C				
31	Encoder Phase A	MotorspeedA_Input		Tan/Black	Quadrature encoder input phase A
32	Encoder Phase B	MotorspeedB_Input		Tan	Quadrature encoder input phase B
33	Switch 8	Reverse_Switch_Input	Active high, connect to KSI to activate.	Yellow	Used by the Motor Control to select reverse direction
34	CAN Term L	CAN Termination		Black	CAN bus termination jumper.
35	CANL	CAN Low		Grey	CAN bus low.

DUAL MOTOR – 1239 "E" CONTROLLER SECONDARY MOTOR SCHEMATICS

REVISIONS		
REV	DESCRIPTION	APPROVED
A	Initial Release	4/11/2016

R1 AMP
#776164-1

Pin	Signal	Wire
6	MAIN CONTACTOR	ORANGE/ WHITE 20 AWG
13	COIL RETURN	BLUE/ WHITE 20 AWG
4	PRECHARGE	ORANGE 20 AWG
1	KSI	BLUE 20 AWG
23	CAN HIGH	ORANGE 20 AWG
35	CAN LOW	GRAY 20 AWG
10	MENU BUTTON	WHITE/ RED 20 AWG
25	12V POWER CNTRL	RED/ BLUE 20 AWG
28	TX SERIAL	WHITE 22 AWG
29	RX SERIAL	GREEN 22 AWG
8	MOTOR TEMP	BLUE 22 AWG
7	I/O GROUND	BLACK/ BLUE 20 AWG
32	ENCODER PHASE B	GREEN 22 AWG
31	ENCODER PHASE A	WHITE 22 AWG
21	CAN TERMINATION	
34		BLACK 20 AWG

MAIN CONTACTOR (NOTE *1)

Resistor (NOTE*2)

Pre-Charge Relay (NOTE*2)

CONNECT TO PRIMARY HARNESS BLUE WIRE (Pin 1).

P6 DEUTSCH DTM-04-2P

R5 DEUTSCH DTM-06-2S

CONNECT TO PRIMARY HARNESS AT CAN BUS CONNECTOR

MENU BUTTON (NOTE*5)

R3 MOLEX MINI FIT JR 39-01-2080

PROGRAMMING PORT

MULTIPLE CONDUCTOR CABLE

MULTIPLE CONDUCTOR CABLE **WHITE**

R8 DEUTSCH DTM-06-4S
BLUE 22 AWG — 2
BROWN 22 AWG — 3
YELLOW 22 AWG — 4
ORANGE 22 AWG — 1

CONNECT TO DUAL MOTOR ENCODER HARNESS

P7 DEUTSCH DTM-04-4P
BLACK 22 AWG — 2
GREEN 22 AWG — 3
WHITE 22 AWG — 4
RED 22 AWG — 1

MULTIPLE CONDUCTOR CABLE **GREY**

R4 DEUTSCH DTM-06-4S
RED 22 AWG — 1
BLACK 22 AWG — 2
GREEN 22 AWG — 3
WHITE 22 AWG — 4

CONNECT TO PRIMARY CONTROLLER HARNESS AT ENCODER CONNECTOR

R4B DEUTSCH DTM-06-2S
BLUE 22 AWG — 2
ORANGE or BROWN — 1

PACK FUSE (NOTE *3)

MAIN BATTERY PACK

SECONDARY 1239 CONTROLLER

SECONDARY CONTROLLER FUSE (NOTE *4)

MOTOR ENCODER

MOTOR

3/25/21

NOTES:

(*1) Use supplied contactor (GIGAVAC Part #GV200PA-1). Use only a Contactor WITHOUT PWM AND COIL SUPPRESSION. FAILURE TO DO SO CAN CAUSE CONTROLLER FAILURE AND WILL VOID WARRANTY.

(*2) Use supplied Pre-Charge Resistor and Relay (Tyco Electronics Part # T9AP1D52-12). For Coil connection, connect to small terminals.

(*3) Use Pack Fuse rated at 400A for Single controller applications. For Dual controller use 800A Pack fuse.

(*4) Only for Dual motor application. Use Controller Fuse rated at 400A for each controller.

(*5) Gives access to Drive System information. Required to access Programming and Diagnostic modes. See Programming Instructions.

CAD TYPE VISIO	APPLICABLE SOFTWARE	Version 5.32 & UP
UNIT NONE	DRAWING	1010-AUTO1239-SEC-VER365.000
DRW SIZE A	TITLE	1239 "E" CONTROLLER SECONDARY DUAL MOTOR SCHEMATICS
DATE 3/25/21		
SUPPLIER PART	HW-1010AUTO-HPG	
SCALE none	SHEET 1 OF 1	REVISION C	HPEVS

Pin #	Name	Function	Terminations	Wire color	Detailed Description
1	KSI	Keyswitch_Input		Blue	Keyswitch input. Provides logic power for the controller and power for the coil drivers. Connect to primary harness at the Blue KSI wire.
2	N/C				
3	N/C				
4	Driver 3	Precharge		Orange	Precharge relay driver.
5	N/C				
6	Driver 1	Main_Contactor		Orange/Wht	Main Contactor Coil Driver.
7	I/O Ground			Black/Blue	Input and output ground reference.
8	Analog 2	Motor_Temperature_Sensor		Blue	Used as the motor temperature analog input
9	N/C				
10	Menu	Menu_Button	Active high, connect to 12 volts. See schematic	White/Red	Momentary switch; used to scroll through 840 spyglass display
11	N/C				
12	N/C				
13	Coil Return	Coil Return	Common to all relay coils	Blue/White	This is the coil return pin (at B+ potential) for all the contactor and relay coils.
14	N/C				
15	N/C				
16	N/C				
17	N/C				
18	N/C				
19	N/C				
20	N/C				
21	CAN Term H	CAN Termination		Black	CAN termination jumper.
22	N/C				
23	CANH	CAN High		Orange	CAN bus high.
24	N/C				
25	+12V Out			Red/Blue	Unregulated low power +12V output.
26	N/C				
27	N/C				
28	Serial TX			White	Serial transmit line for display or flash update.
29	Serial RX			Green	Serial receive line for display or flash update.
30	N/C				
31	Encoder Phase A	MotorspeedA_Input		White	Quadrature encoder input phase A
32	Encoder Phase B	MotorspeedB_Input		Green	Quadrature encoder input phase B
33	N/C				
34	CAN Term L	CAN Termination		Black	CAN bus termination jumper.
35	CANL	CAN Low		Grey	CAN bus low.

Generic Software Switch Pin Out Specific for 1239 Controller. Secondary Controller in Dual Motor Applications

THROTTLE CONFIGURATION

Depending on the type of throttle used for the application, the different types of throttle configurations are listed within the table below. Electrical schematics are also included within the following pages.

THROTTLE CONFIGURATION	TYPE
ELECTRONIC without SWITCH CURTIS ET-126/ET-134 ELECTRONIC THROTTLE ASSEMBLY without SWITCH	TYPE 1
2 WIRE with SWITCH 0-5k Ω	TYPE 2
3 WIRE with SWITCH 0-5k Ω	TYPE 3 Default
CURTIS PB8 THROTTLE ASSEMBLY	TYPE 3
CURTIS ET-126/ET-134 ELECTRONIC THROTTLE ASSEMBLY WITH SWITCH	TYPE 3
WIG WAG 3 WIRE	TYPE 4

REVISIONS		
REV	DESCRIPTION	APPROVED
A	INITIAL RELEASE	1/22/2013

TYPE 1 ELECTRONIC THROTTLE

Pin #7*   BLACK / BLUE (BLACK IN 1239 CTRL)   GROUND

Pin #16*   YELLOW / WHITE   SIGNAL

For 5V: Pin #26*
For 12V: Pin #25*   PURPLE / WHITE   +5V or +12V

ELECTRONIC THROTTLE

Pin #25   RED/ BLUE

Splice Red/Blue wire with the Green wire when no interlock switch is used

Pin #9   GREEN

* Typical connection, verify correct voltage and connection in throttle documents or instructions.
  Not all Electronic Throttles supported

CAD TYPE	APPLICABLE SOFTWARE		
VISIO			
UNIT	DRAWING		
NONE	1010-THROTTLE-001		
DRW SIZE	TITLE		
A	ELECTRONIC THROTTLE		
DATE			
1/22/13			
SUPPLIER PART			
SCALE	SHEET 1 OF 1	REVISION A	HPEVS
NONE			

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REVISIONS		
REV	DESCRIPTION	APPROVED
A	Initial Release	11/17/2015

CURTIS ELECTRONIC THROTTLE
MODEL NUMBERS ET-126 OR ET-134
TYPE 2 ELECTRONIC THROTTLE
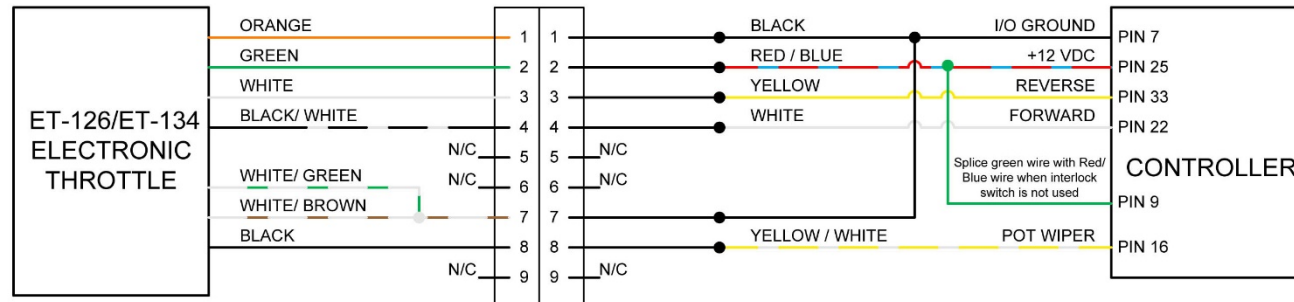
ET-126/ET-134 ELECTRONIC THROTTLE

Wire	Pin		Pin	Wire	Signal	Controller Pin
ORANGE	1	1		BLACK	I/O GROUND	PIN 7
GREEN	2	2		RED / BLUE	+12 VDC	PIN 25
WHITE	3	3		YELLOW	REVERSE	PIN 33
BLACK/ WHITE	4	4		WHITE	FORWARD	PIN 22
N/C	5	5	N/C			
WHITE/ GREEN	N/C 6	6	N/C			
WHITE/ BROWN	N/C 7	7				PIN 9
BLACK	8	8		YELLOW / WHITE	POT WIPER	PIN 16
	N/C 9	9	N/C			

Splice green wire with Red/ Blue wire when interlock switch is not used

CONTROLLER

ET-126 HAS A SPRING RETURN SO THAT THE THROTTLE RETURNS TO NEUTRAL POSITION

ET-134 DOES NOT HAVE A SPRING RETURN

CAD TYPE VISIO	APPLICABLE SOFTWARE	VER 2.5	
UNIT NONE	DRAWING	1010-EThorttle	
DRW SIZE A	TITLE	Curtis Electronic Throttle Part ET-126 OR ET-134	
DATE 11/17/ 15			
SUPPLIER PART			
SCALE none	SHEET 1 OF 1	REVISION A	HPEVS

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REVISIONS		
REV	DESCRIPTION	APPROVED
A	INITIAL RELEASE	1/22/2013
B	REVISION	11/27/2013

THROTTLE ASSEMBLY

TYPE 2
2 WIRE
THROTTLE

WIPER

YELLOW / WHITE
Pin #16

PURPLE / WHITE   POT LOW
Pin #18

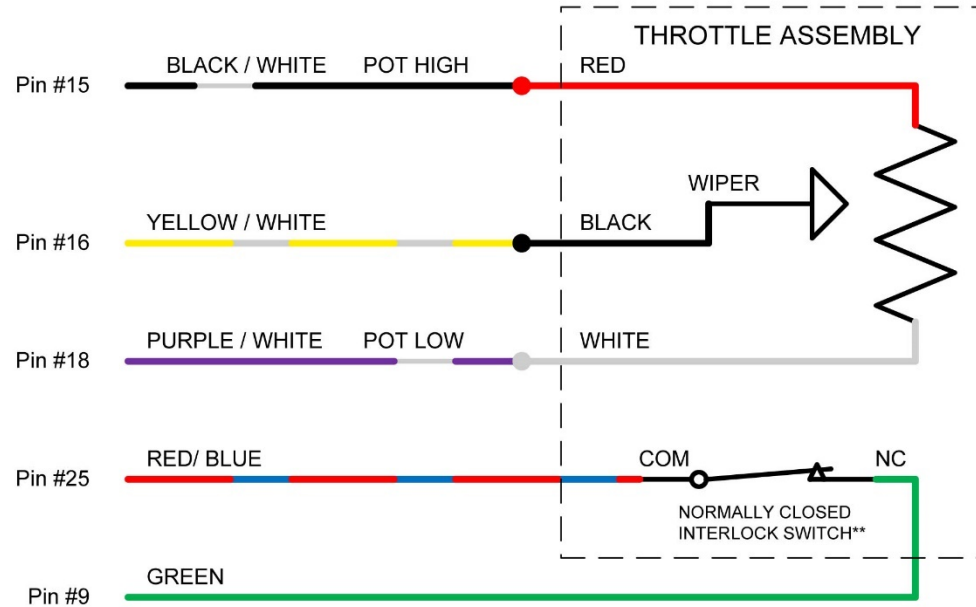COM   NC
RED/ BLUE
Pin #25

NORMALLY CLOSED
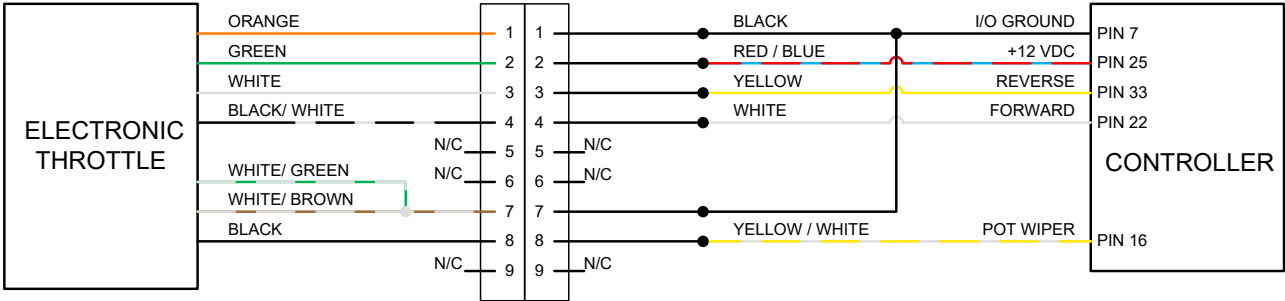INTERLOCK SWITCH**

GREEN
Pin #9

** When accelerator pedal IS PRESSED the interlock switch
is released to its NORMAL position (switch not activated)
thus completing the circuit since its green wire is connected
to the normally closed (NC) connection.

CAD TYPE VISIO	APPLICABLE SOFTWARE		
UNIT NONE	DRAWING 1010-THROTTLE-001		
DRW SIZE A	TITLE	TYPE 2	
DATE 1/22/13		2 WIRE THROTTLE	
SUPPLIER PART			
SCALE NONE	SHEET 1 OF 8	REVISION B	HPEVS

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REVISIONS		
REV	DESCRIPTION	APPROVED
A	INITIAL RELEASE	1/22/2013
B	REVISION	11/27/2013

THROTTLE ASSEMBLY

Pin #15 — BLACK / WHITE — POT HIGH

WIPER

Pin #16 — YELLOW / WHITE

Pin #18 — PURPLE / WHITE — POT LOW

Pin #25 — RED/ BLUE — COM — NC

NORMALLY CLOSED INTERLOCK SWITCH**

Pin #9 — GREEN

TYPE 3
3 WIRE
THROTTLE

** When accelerator pedal IS PRESSED the interlock switch is released to its NORMAL position (switch not activated) thus completing the circuit since its green wire is connected to the normally closed (NC) connection.

CAD TYPE VISIO	APPLICABLE SOFTWARE	
UNIT NONE	DRAWING 1010-THROTTLE-001	
DRW SIZE A	TITLE TYPE 3 3 WIRE THROTTLE	
DATE 1/22/13		
SUPPLIER PART		
SCALE NONE	SHEET 2 OF 8	REVISION B	HPEVS

REVISIONS		
REV	DESCRIPTION	APPROVED
A	INITIAL RELEASE	11/27/2013

THROTTLE ASSEMBLY

Pin #15   BLACK / WHITE   POT HIGH   RED

CURTIS PB8
THROTTLE
ASSEMBPLY

WIPER

Pin #16   YELLOW / WHITE   BLACK

Pin #18   PURPLE / WHITE   POT LOW   WHITE

Pin #25   RED/ BLUE   COM   NC

NORMALLY CLOSED
INTERLOCK SWITCH**

Pin #9   GREEN

** When accelerator pedal IS PRESSED the interlock switch
is released to its NORMAL position (switch not activated)
thus completing the circuit since its green wire is connected
to the normally closed (NC) connection.

CAD TYPE VISIO	APPLICABLE SOFTWARE		
UNIT NONE	DRAWING	1010-THROTTLE-001	
DRW SIZE A	TITLE	CURTIS PB8 THROTTLE	
DATE 1/22/13			
SUPPLIER PART			
SCALE NONE	SHEET 3 OF 8	REVISION A	HPEVS

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CURTIS ELECTRONIC THROTTLE
MODEL NUMBERS ET-126 OR ET-134
TYPE 3

ELECTRONIC THROTTLE

ORANGE	1	1
GREEN	2	2
WHITE	3	3
BLACK/ WHITE	4	4
N/C	5	5 N/C
WHITE/ GREEN	N/C 6	6 N/C
WHITE/ BROWN	7	7
BLACK	8	8
N/C	9	9 N/C

CONTROLLER

BLACK	I/O GROUND	PIN 7
RED / BLUE	+12 VDC	PIN 25
YELLOW	REVERSE	PIN 33
WHITE	FORWARD	PIN 22
YELLOW / WHITE	POT WIPER	PIN 16

ET-126 HAS A SPRING RETURN SO THAT THE THROTTLE RETURNS TO NEUTRAL POSITION

ET-134 DOES NOT HAVE A SPRING RETURN

CAD TYPE VISIO	APPLICABLE SOFTWARE	VER 2.5
UNIT NONE	DRAWING	1010-EThorttle
DRW SIZE A	TITLE	Curtis Electronic Throttle Part ET-126 OR ET-134 Type 3
DATE 11/17/ 15		
SUPPLIER PART		
SCALE none	SHEET 1 OF 1	REVISION A	HPEVS

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THROTTLE ASSEMBLY

Pin #15 — BLACK / WHITE — POT HIGH

WIPER

Pin #16 — YELLOW / WHITE

Pin #18 — PURPLE / WHITE — POT LOW

3 WIRE WIG WAG
TYPE 4
THROTTLE**

** No Forward or Reverse input used. No Interlock Switch used.

CAD TYPE VISIO	APPLICABLE SOFTWARE	
UNIT NONE	DRAWING 1010-THROTTLE-001	
DRW SIZE A	TITLE 3 WIRE TYPE 4 WIG WAG	
DATE 2/3/15		
SUPPLIER PART		
SCALE NONE	SHEET 8 OF 8	REVISION A	HPEVS

THROTTLE INTERLOCK CONNECTION

The throttle interlock connection is required for both 2 and 3 wire throttle pot assemblies. The Green wire is connected to the Normally Closed tab. The red/blue wire is connected to the common tab. See picture below.

NOTE: when the throttle IS ENGAGED the interlock switch is released to its NORMAL position (switch not activated) thus completing the circuit since its green wire is connected to the normally closed (NC) connection.
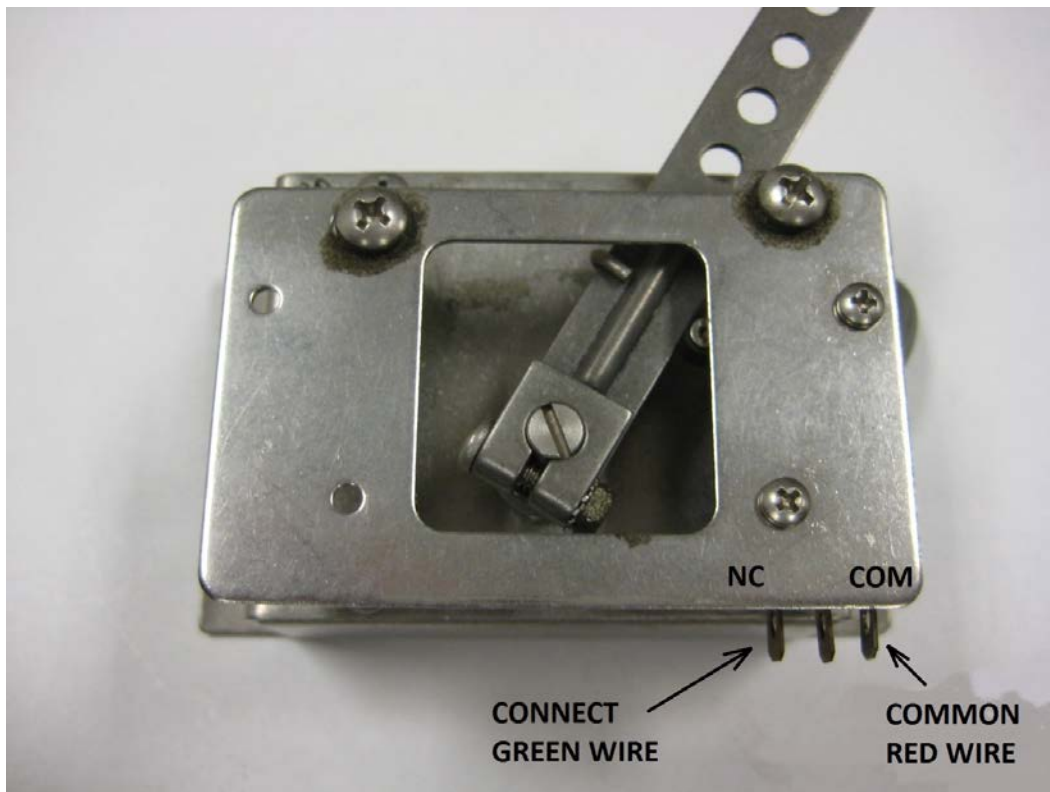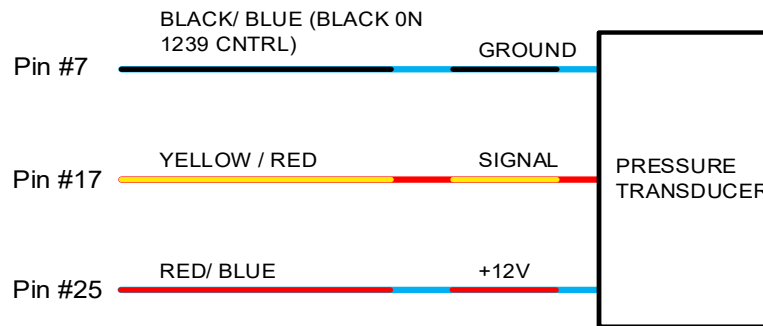
BRAKE INPUT CONFIGURATION

Depending on the type of brake input used for the application, the different types of brake input configurations are listed in the table below. Electrical schematics are also included within the following pages.

BRAKE INPUT CONFIGURATION	TYPE
NO BRAKE POT INSTALLED	TYPE 0
PRESSURE TRANSDUCER/ ELECTRONIC 0-5V INPUT or 3-WIRE POT	TYPE 1
2 WIRE 0-5k Ω POT	TYPE 2
SWITCH	TYPE 3

REVISIONS		
REV	DESCRIPTION	APPROVED
A	INITIAL RELEASE	2/19/2013

Pin #7 — BLACK/ BLUE (BLACK 0N 1239 CNTRL) — GROUND

Pin #17 — YELLOW / RED — SIGNAL

Pin #25 — RED/ BLUE — +12V

PRESSURE TRANSDUCER
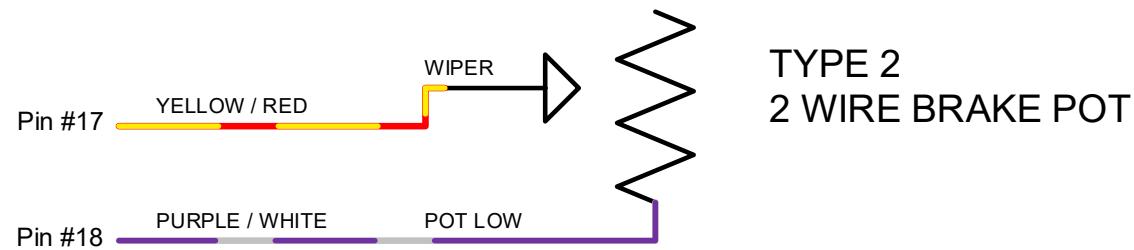
TYPE 1
PRESSURE
TRANSDUCER

** Typical Pressure Transducer Ratings
    8-30 Volt Input
    1-5 Volt Output
    2500 PSI

Website Link: www.digikey.com
Part Number: M3041-000005-2K5PG-ND
Manufacturer Part #: M3041-000005-2K5PG

CAD TYPE VISIO	CAD LOC.	CAD FILE		DRW SIZE A
OPER. NO.	UNIT	DRAWING	1010-BRAKE	
DESIGN	DETAIL	TITLE	PRESSURE TRANSDUCER	
CHECKED	SAFETY			
SCALE NONE	DATE 2/19/13	REVISION A		HPEVS
		SHEET 2 OF 2		

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REVISIONS		
REV	DESCRIPTION	APPROVED
A	INITIAL RELEASE	2/19/2013

WIPER

Pin #17   YELLOW / RED

TYPE 2
2 WIRE BRAKE POT

Pin #18   PURPLE / WHITE   POT LOW

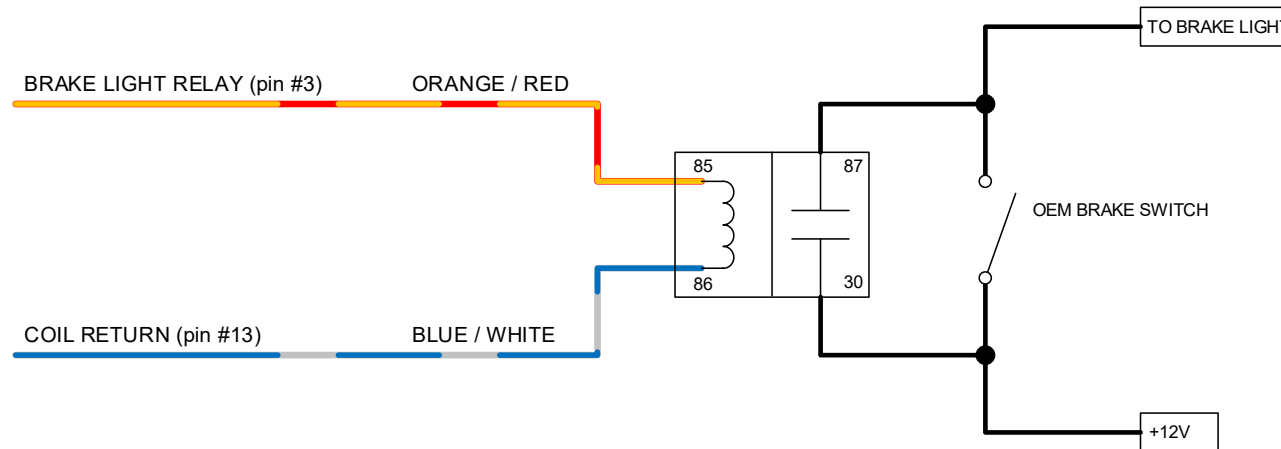| CAD TYPE VISIO	CAD LOC.	CAD FILE		DRW SIZE A
OPER. NO.	UNIT	DRAWING	1010-BRAKE	
DESIGN	DETAIL	TITLE	2 WIRE BRAKE POT	
CHECKED	SAFETY			
SCALE NONE	DATE 2/19/13	REVISION A		HPEVS
		SHEET 1 OF 1		

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OPTIONAL ACTIVE BRAKE LIGHT CONFIGURATIONS

These optional brake light configurations are used to activate the brake lights during regenerative braking or when the vehicle brakes are applied. Based on the brake type configuration that is being utilized in the application, use one of the following wiring configurations.

REVISIONS		
REV	DESCRIPTION	APPROVED
A	INITIAL RELEASE	2/19/2013

ACTIVE BRAKE LIGHT CONFIGURATION FOR ALL BRAKE TYPES (1-2)
1239 "E" CONTROLLERS

TO BRAKE LIGHT

BRAKE LIGHT RELAY (pin #3)   ORANGE / RED

85   87

86   30

OEM BRAKE SWITCH

COIL RETURN (pin #13)   BLUE / WHITE

+12V

** This option turns the brake lights ON during REGEN. Brake TYPE 3 allows for NEUTRAL BRAKING AND/OR BOOSTED REGEN while pressing the brake pedal. Brake TYPE 1 & 2 uses a variable input for BOOSTED REGEN. Brake TYPE 0 does not allow for BOOSTED BRAKE while pressing the brake pedal.

CAD TYPE VISIO	CAD LOC.	CAD FILE		DRW SIZE A
OPER. NO.	UNIT	DRAWING 1010-BRAKE		
DESIGN	DETAIL	TITLE OPTION 1 BRAKE SWITCH INPUT 1232-1234-1236-1238 "E" AND "SE" CONTROLLERS		
CHECKED	SAFETY			
SCALE NONE	DATE 12/5/13	REVISION A		HPEVS
		SHEET 3 OF 4		

REVISIONS		
REV	DESCRIPTION	APPROVED
A	INITIAL RELEASE	2/19/2013

FOR BRAKE TYPE 3
1239 "E" CONTROLLER

TO BRAKE LIGHT

+12V

BRAKE LIGHT RELAY (pin #3)   ORANGE / RED

85   87

OEM BRAKE SWITCH

COIL RETURN (pin #13)   BLUE / WHITE

86   30

+12V

BRAKE SWITCH
INPUT (pin #14)

LABEL "# 14"   MALE 3/16" QD   YELLOW / RED

WHITE/ BLACK   FEMALE 3/16" QD
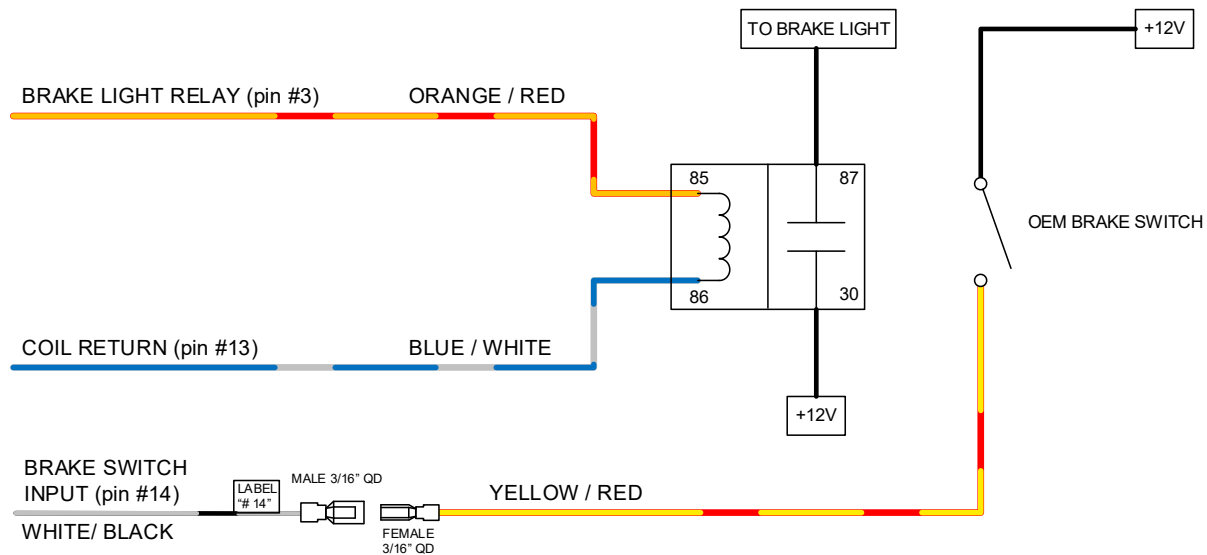
** This option will turn ON the brake lights when either of two conditions are satisfied:
 1. No throttle input. If neutral braking or boosted regen is active.
 2. Pressure to the brake pedal is applied and the OEM brake switch is active.

CAD TYPE VISIO	CAD LOC.	CAD FILE		DRW SIZE A
OPER. NO.	UNIT	DRAWING	1010-BRAKE	
DESIGN	DETAIL	TITLE	OPTION 2 BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH 1239 "E" CONTROLLER	
CHECKED	SAFETY			
SCALE NONE	DATE 12/5/13	REVISION A		HPEVS
		SHEET 3 OF 4		

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REVISIONS		
REV	DESCRIPTION	APPROVED
A	INITIAL RELEASE	2/19/2013

FOR BRAKE TYPE 3 CONFIGURATION
1239 "E" CONTROLLERS

TO BRAKE LIGHT

BRAKE SWITCH
INPUT (pin #14)

LABEL "# 14"   MALE 3/16" QD

YELLOW / RED   SIGNAL

WHITE/ BLACK

FEMALE 3/16" QD

+12V
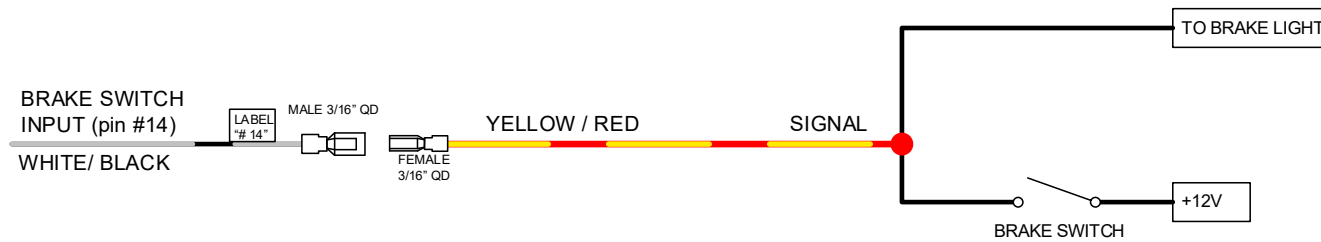
BRAKE SWITCH

** This option will provide single level BOOSTED REGEN when brake pedal pressure is applied.
** Brake lights will not turn on during REGEN.

CAD TYPE VISIO	CAD LOC.	CAD FILE		DRW SIZE A
OPER. NO.	UNIT	DRAWING	1010-BRAKE	
DESIGN	DETAIL	TITLE	OPTION 3 BRAKE SWITCH INPUT 1239 "E" CONTROLLERS	
CHECKED	SAFETY			
SCALE NONE	DATE 2/19/13	REVISION A		HPEVS
		SHEET 4 OF 4		

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Program Entries Generic 532 (Parameters)						
Level 1	Parameter	Level 2	Parameter	Units	Parameter Range	Default Setting	Notes

Level 1	Parameter	Level 2	Parameter	Units	Parameter Range	Default Setting	Notes
User Settings							
		Speed Settings					
			Forward Speed	RPM	200 to 8500	6500	Defines the maximum requested motor rpm at full throttle with forward selected.
			Reverse Speed	RPM	200 to 8500	6500	Defines the maximum requested motor rpm at full throttle with reverse selected.
			Econo Speed	RPM	200 to 8500	6500	Defines the maximum requested motor rpm at full throttle with econo mode on.
		Accel Rates					
			Normal Accel Rate	Seconds	0.1 to 5.0	0.4	Sets the rate (in seconds) at which the speed command increases when throttle is applied. Larger values represent slower response.
			Econo Accel Rate	Seconds	0.1 to 5.0	0.5	Sets the rate (in seconds) at which the speed command increases in econo mode when throttle is applied. Larger values represent slower response.
		Throttle Settings					
			Throttle Type	N/A	1 to 4	3	The Curtis controllers accept a variety of throttle inputs. The throttle type parameter can be programmed as follows: 1= Electronic throttle (NO switch, 0-5 volt). 2: 2-wire rheostat, 0–5kΩ input 3: single-ended 3-wire 0-5kΩ potentiometer, or 0–5V voltage source or Electronic (Default) 4: wigwag 3-wire 0-5kΩ potentiometer, or 0–5V voltage source CLICK HERE TO SEE ADDITIONAL NOTES Note: Do not change this parameter while the controller is powering the motor. Any time this parameter is changed a Parameter Change Fault (fault code 49) is set and must be cleared by cycling power; this protects the controller and the operator.
			Deadband	Volt	0.00 to 5.00	.30	Defines the wiper voltage at the throttle deadband threshold. Increasing the throttle deadband setting will increase the neutral range.
			Throttle Max	Volt	0.00 to 5.00	3.5	Defines the wiper voltage required to produce 100% controller output. Decreasing the throttle max setting reduces the wiper voltage and therefore the full stroke necessary to produce full controller output.
			Mapped Throttle	%	0 to 100	50	Modifies the vehicle's response to the throttle input. Setting the throttle map at 50% provides a linear output response to throttle position. Values below 50% reduce the controller output at low throttle settings, providing enhanced slow speed maneuverability. Values above 50% give the vehicle a faster, more responsive feel at low throttle settings.
		Brake Pedal Settings					
			Brake Type		0 to 3	0	Select the brake type that is being utilized for the application being installed. The selection availability is as follows: a) Type 0= No Brake input used (Default) b) Type 1= 3-wire pot or an electronic (includes transducer or hall sensor.) c) Type 2= 2 wire 0 to 5k pot. d) Type 3= Switch
			Brake Deadband	Volt	0.00 to 5.00	0.30	Defines the wiper voltage at the brake deadband threshold. Increasing the brake deadband setting will increase the neutral range.
			Brake Max	Volt	0.00 to 5.00	3.50	Defines the wiper voltage required to produce 100% controller output. Decreasing the brake max setting reduces the wiper voltage and therefore the full stroke necessary to produce full controller output.
			Regen Brake Light Threshold	AMP	0 to 400	50	Allows for turning on the brake lamp based on the amount of regenerative braking that is taking place when off of the throttle. A higher number to this parameter means that there has to be a high amount of regen to be taking place to turn on the brake lamp
		Current Limits					
			Normal Neutral Braking	%	0 to 100	15	This parameter will allow for adjustment to Neutral Braking.
			Econo Neutral Braking	%	0 to 100	25	This parameter will allow for adjustment to Neutral Braking in economy mode.
			Shift Neutral Braking	%	0 to 100	7	Adjustment to neutral braking while pressing the clutch to shift a manual transmission
			Normal Drive Current Limit	%	5 to 100	100	Normal Drive Current Limit sets the maximum RMS current the controller will supply to the motor during drive operation, as a percentage of the controller's full rated current in normal operating mode. Reducing this value will reduce the maximum drive torque.
			Econo Drive Current Limit	%	5 to 100	60	Sets the maximum RMS current the controller will supply to the motor during drive operation, as a percentage of the controller's full rated current in economy operating mode. Reducing this value will reduce the maximum drive torque.
			Brake Current Limit	%	5 to 100	10	Sets the maximum RMS regen current during braking when a brake command is given, as a percentage of the controller's full rated current. Typically the brake current limit is set equal to the regen current limit. The brake current limit overrides the regen current limit when the brake input is active.

Level 1	Parameter	Level 2	Parameter	Units	Parameter Range	Default Setting	Notes
		Idle Setup					
			Idle Enable		On/Off	Off	on = motor idle will be turned on
			Clutch Start Enable		On/Off	Off	Enables clutch switch so that clutch needs to be depressed to start vehicle
			Idle Speed	RPM	300 to 1000	600	motor idle speed
			Idle Torque	%	0 to 100	50	percentage of available torque at idle speed
			Creep Torque	%	0 to 100	0	Creep torque available when Idle is set to OFF. Allows for the amount of torque applied when the vehicle when at a stop and no throttle input
		Motor Tuning					
			Motor Type		9 to 77	Based on motor type	Input motor type
			Base Speed	RPM	200 to 6000	3500	The speed set point for which the motor goes into field weakening.
			Field Weakening	%	0 to 100	50	Determines the amount of high speed power the controller will allow, while still maintaining maximum effficiency at the allowed power. Reducing this parameter effectively reduces controller current at high speeds, which can reduce energy consumption and motor heating, but at the expense of reduced available torque from the motor.
			Econo Field Weakening	%	0 to 100	0	Determines the amount of high speed power the controller will allow while in econo mode, while still maintaining maximum effficiency at the allowed power. Reducing this parameter effectively reduces controller current at high speeds, which can reduce energy consumption and motor heating, but at the expense of reduced available torque from the motor.
			Weakening Rate	%	0 to 100	36	Determines the control loop gains for field weakening. Setting the rate too low may create surging in the vehicle as it accelerates at mid to high speeds. Setting the rate too high may create high frequency oscillations (usually audible) when the vehicle accelerates at mid to high speeds.
		Main Contactor					
			Main Contactor Voltage	Volt	12 to 96	24	Main contactor voltage that is used in the system
			Main Holding %	%	0 to 100	80	The main contactor holding voltage parameter allows a reduced average voltage to be applied to the contactor coil once it has closed. This parameter must be set high enough to hold the contactor closed
		Display Menu Items					
			Auto Scroll	N/A	On/Off	Off	Turn on auto scroll function on 840 display to show monitored items listed below
			Scroll Delay Time	Seconds	1 to 10	4	Time that delays scroll function displaying the menu items below on the Spyglass 840
			Display SOC	N/A	On/Off	Off	When turned on the State Of Charge (SOC) of battery pack will be displayed. Acuity required.
			Display Motor RPM	N/A	On/Off	On	When turned on the Motor RPM will be displayed
			Display Battery Amps	N/A	On/Off	On	When turned on, battery pack current will be displayed
			Display Voltage	N/A	On/Off	On	When turned on, battery pack voltage will be displayed
			Display Motor Temp	N/A	On/Off	On	When turned on, motor temperature will be displayed
			Display Controller Temp	N/A	On/Off	On	When turned on, controller temperature will be displayed
			Display Minimum Voltage	N/A	On/Off	On	When turned on, minimum voltage during operation will be displayed
			Display Maximum Current	N/A	On/Off	On	When turned on, maximum current during operation will be displayed
		BMS					
			BMS Installed		On/Off	Off	When on can be used with Orion BMS. BMS must have CAN messages configured.
			BMS Address		768 to 1536	768	BMS Address range in decimal. Hex range = 0x300 to 0x600
			User Undervoltage	%	50 to 90	80	The value of this parameter is a percentage of the Nominal Voltage setting. The User Undervoltage parameter can be used to adjust the undervoltage threshold, which is the voltage at which the controller will cut back drive current to prevent damage to the electrical system.
			Low Cell Begin Cutback	Volt	0.000 to 4.000	2.800	Low cell cutback begin sets the voltage of the lowest cell where current limiting will begin
			Low Cell Full Cutback	Volt	0.000 to 4.000	2.300	Low Cell Full Cutback parameter sets the voltage of the lowest cell where full current limiting is in force
			Max Current at Full Cutback	%	0 to 100	50	Maximum Current Full Cutback parameter sets the maximum current allowed when low voltage full cutback is in force
			Maximum Cell Voltage	Volt	2.000 to 4.000	3.700	Maximum cell voltage parameter sets the voltage at which regen is turned off to prevent overcharging
			Low SOC Cutback	%	0 to 100	20	Low SOC (State of Charge) Cutback parameter sets the SOC at which current limiting is in force
			Max Current at Low SOC	%	0 to 100	30	Maximum Current Low SOC (State of Charge) parameter sets the maximum current allowed when SOC is lower than Low SOC Cutback

Level 1	Parameter	Level 2	Parameter	Units	Parameter Range	Default Setting	Notes
		Dual Drive					
			Dual Drive Mode		On/Off	Based on using either single motor or dual motor	This parameter turns dual drive off or on. Turn on for a dual motor.
			Response Timeout	ms	50 to 1000	200	Time alloted for the secondary controller(s) to respond to the primary controller
		Misc					
			Max Output Frequency	Hz	0 to 4000	266	Tachometer frequency allows the user to set-up the vehicles tachometer to work correctly based on the number of cylinders the original internal combustion engine had that was removed from the vehicle
			Prg Mode Step Timer	Seconds	1.0 to 10.0	4.0	The time in seconds that the program steps through program mode.
			Generic CAN Message ID Dec		1537 to 1616	1537	CAN ID that the controller transmits. Hex range = 0x601 to 0x650
		Software Version					
			VCL Version		0 to 32767	Based on VCL software version	Software Version
			OS Version		0 to 32767	Based on Operating system installed	Version number of the operating system software that is loaded into the controller. This variable specifies the major version number of the controller's operating system.
			OS Build Number		0 to 32767	Based on software OS Build system	Build number of the operating system software that is loaded into the controller.

ADDITIONAL NOTES

Setup for Type 4 WigWag Throttle

1: Using a handheld Programmer or the 1314 Programming Station, Go to "Monitor", then "Inputs" and note at the Throttle Pot Voltage reading with the throttle in the neutral, full forward and full reverse positions. If the Throttle voltage is lower in the forward direction than in the reverse direction, swap the outer two legs of the throttle pot.

2: Set the Forward Deadband parameter to .1 volts higher than the value noted.

3: Set the Reverse Deadband parameter to .1 volt less than the value noted.

4: Set the Forward Max parameter to .1 volt less than the full forward throttle voltage noted.

5: Set the Reverse Max parameter to .1 volt higher then the full reverse voltage noted.

Level 1	Parameter	Level 2	Parameter	Units	Parameter Range	Notes
Dual Drive						
	Dual Drive State				On/Off	On = A secondary controller has been detected in a dual drive system
CAN Communication						
	BMS Communicating				On/Off	On = BMS is communicating to the controller through the CAN Bus
	Charger Communicating				On/Off	On = Charger is communicating to the controller through the CAN Bus
Battery Information						
		Peak I&E				
			Peak RMS Current	AMP	0 to 1000	Peak RMS current reported while the system is under load
			Minimum Voltage	Volt	0 to 170.0	Minimum voltage reported while the system is under load
		General				
			Keyswitch Voltage	Volt	0 to 150	Voltage at KSI (Pin 1)
			Measured Current	AMP	-600 to 600	The Measured System Current During Operation
			Remaining Amphours	AMP	0 to 500	Remaining Battery Amphours
			BDI Percentage	%	0 to 100	Battery state of charge.
			Aux Battery Voltage	Volt	0 to 20	Auxiliary battery voltage
		Charging Info				
			Charger Output Current	Ampere	0 to 100	Battery charger output current to the battery pack
			Charger Output Voltage	Volt	0 to 1400	Battery charger output voltage to the battery pack
			Charger Status	N/A	0 to 32	Status of the charger.
		Cell Monitor				
			Highest Cell			Identification of the battery with the highest voltage
			Highest Cells Voltage	Volt	0 to 4.500	Highest battery cell voltage
			Lowest Cell			Identification of the battery with the lowest voltage
			Lowest Cells Voltage	Volt	0 to 4.500	lowest battery cell voltage
			Highest Temperature	°C		Highest battery temperature within the battery pack
			Lowest Temperature	°C		Lowest battery temperature within the battery pack

ORION BATTERY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (BMS)

The Orion BMS is a full featured lithium ion battery management system that is specifically designed to meet the tough requirements of protecting and managing battery packs for electric vehicles. We have incorporated the Orion BMS into our software packages and strongly suggest using their BMS to protect your investment.

Wiring Diagram: The wiring diagrams for both the Orion BMS and Orion BMS Jr. can be found at http://www.orionbms.com/resources/.

This product is designed to be integrated into an application. Integration must be performed by a qualified person trained in electrical engineering and familiar with the characteristics and safety requirements of lithium batteries. Proper integration, selection of components, wire selection, installation, routing of cables and interconnects, and the determination of the suitability of this product for the application are fully the responsibility of the integrator.

Considerations for wiring:

1) The **voltage tap connectors must be DISCONNECTED from the BMS when being wired or when wiring is being modified for personal safety and to prevent damage**. Wiring while connected to the BMS may pose a personal safety hazard and/or fire risk since the remaining wires within the cell group can become electrically 'hot' due to internal protection diodes. Additionally, wiring with the BMS connected significantly increases the risk of damage to the BMS. Damage to the BMS from mis-wiring or misuse is not covered under warranty. **Immediately disconnect the BMS from the battery if the BMS is damaged**.

2) **The BMS must have a means of controlling and shutting off any connected charger, load, source or any other means of charge and discharge. Two shutoff mechanisms should be present to turn off a charger**. The charge safety signal is designed to be used as an emergency backup if a digital CAN control or digital charge enable signal fails. If the charger does not support an analog shutoff, an AC relay can be used in series with the charger power supply. This is the last line of defense if a failure occurs and should not be omitted**. In addition** to the above safety, the battery charger should be programmed such that it does not exceed the maximum pack voltage if a failure occurs.

3) All battery packs must be protected from over-current with a suitable current limiting device such as a fuse. If a fuse of safety disconnect is positioned between the first and last cell of a battery pack, it must be wired in certain locations. Read Safety Disconnects and Fuse Position for more information. **Failure to comply may result in catastrophic failure of the BMS from full stack potential present across two adjacent cell taps if a fuse blows or if the safety disconnect is removed and will not provide the required safety isolation. Read the full wiring manual before wiring the BMS, especially the cell tap harnesses**.

4) Always **verify voltage taps are wired correctly** before plugging them into the Orion BMS. Failure to do so may result in damage to the BMS. Damage to the BMS from mis-wiring or misuse is not covered under

warranty and some incorrect wiring may pose a personal safety risk or fire risk from energy from the battery pack. Please see the section "Verifying the wiring" for methods of testing to ensure the voltage taps are wired properly. Immediately disconnect the Orion BMS from cells if it is incorrectly wired. Leaving the Orion BMS connected to cells when incorrectly wired may drain incorrectly wired cells, even when the unit is turned off which may permanently damage connected cells.

5) Make sure that all cells are connected to the BMS and that all current is measured by the hall effect current sensor. **It is the user's responsibility to ensure the BMS is connected to all cells, to verify the BMS has a method to limit current in and out of the pack, and to determine and supply the correct programming parameters (such as maximum cell voltage, minimum cell voltage, maximum temperature, etc)**.

6) Because the Orion BMS is connected to a high voltage battery pack, hazardous voltages and hazardous energies may be present inside the unit. There are no user serviceable parts inside the unit and opening the enclosure will void the warranty. Users should never attempt to repair an Orion BMS unit. Further, a damaged unit or a unit repaired without authorization may pose additional safety risks. **DAMAGED UNITS SHOULD BE IMMEDIATELY DISCONNECTED FROM ALL POWER INCLUDING THE BATTERY PACK AND REMOVED FROM SERVICE. NEVER CONTINUE TO USE A DAMAGED BMS UNIT**. Please contact the factory or your local distributor for repair options. Ewert Energy is not liable for damage caused by user attempted repairs or continued use of a damaged BMS unit.

7) While every effort is made to ensure that the Orion BMS operates properly under all conditions, it is the integrator's responsibility to integrate it properly into the application such that any failure is a safe failure. For more information, please read "Failure Modes" in the operational manual. The integrator is responsible for the determination of suitability of this product for the application, choice of all external components, including, but not limited to, wire, wiring methods, and interconnects, and complying with any regulations, standards, or codes. The Orion BMS is not to be used for life support systems, medical applications or other applications where a failure could cause damage to property or cause bodily harm or death.

8) Paralleling separate strings of li-ion batteries together requires special considerations and a method to isolate each string from each other. The Orion BMS may not be used with parallel string configurations unless specific external safety systems are provided. Engineering work by a qualified electrical engineer is required for use with parallel strings. Generally, one Orion BMS is required per parallel string (in certain specific cases, it may be possible to use a sing unit with reduced accuracy when isolation requirements are met). If you are using the Orion BMS in a parallel string setup, please see our documentation about parallel strings (Note: this is different from paralleling cells inside of a single string which is very common).

9) The BMS chassis must be grounded to properly bypass electrical noise to the chassis ground. A grounding lug is provided for this purpose. Additionally, external tooth lock washers can be used on mounting screws to ensure good electrical connectivity between the chassis and the Orion BMS. Ground straps should be as short as possible using as large gauge wire as possible. **This excludes the Orion BMS Jr.**

10) The BMS unit must be programmed in order to function. BMS units ship from the factory with a profile that will not allow charge or discharge for safety reasons. To program, the BMS must be connected to a PC using the CANdapter. For more information on programming, see the software manual.

Orion BMS Byte Structure From HPEVS

Orion BMS Custom Messages for use with HPEVS

	Length in bytes	ADDRESS ID		
		0x300		0x301
	Length in bytes	8		8
Byte0		Low Cell Voltage High		Pack SOC
Byte1		Low Cell Voltage		High Temperature
Byte2		High Cell Voltage High		n/a
Byte3		High Cell Voltage		DCL High Byte
Byte4		Pack Current High Byte		DCL
Byte5		Pack Current		*Custom Flag
Byte6		Pack Amphours High Byte		Highest Cell Voltage ID
Byte7		Pack Amphours		Lowest Cell Voltage ID

	*Custom Flag for Orion BMS Jr	*Custom Flag for Orion BMS (NOT Jr)
Bit #1	Charge Interlock	Charge Interlock
Bit #2	DTC: Temperature Sensor Fault	DTC: Temperature Sensor Fault
Bit #3	DTC: Weak Cell Fault	DTC: Weak Cell Fault
Bit #4	DTC: Low Cell Voltage Fault	DTC: Low Cell Voltage Fault
Bit #5	DTC: Open Cell Fault	DTC: Open Cell Fault
Bit #6	DTC: BMS Current Sensor Fault	DTC: BMS Current Sensor Fault
Bit #7	DTC: Cell Over 5V	n/a
Bit #8	n/a	DTC: High Voltage Isolation Fault (GFI)

Address 0x300

Byte0:	low cell voltage high byte set by multiply by 1 then divide by 10
Byte1:	low cell voltage set by multiply by 1 then divide by 1
Byte2:	high cell voltage high byte set by multiply by 1 then divide by 10
Byte3:	high cell voltage set by multiply by 1 then divide by 1
Byte4:	Pack current high byte set by multiplying by 1 then divide by 1
Byte5:	Pack current set by multiply by 1 then divide by 1
Byte6:	Pack Amphours high byte set by multiplying by 1 then divide by
Byte7:	Pack Amphours set by multiplying by 1 then divide by 1

Address 0x301

Byte0:	Pack SOC value set by multiplying by 1 then divide by 2
Byte1:	High Temperature set by multiplying by 1 then divide by 1
Byte2:	not used
Byte3:	Pack DCL High Byte set by multiplying by 1 then divide by 1
Byte4:	Pack DCL set by multiplying by 1 then divide by 1
Byte5:	Custom Flag #3
Byte6:	Highest Cell Voltage ID set by multiplying by 1 then divide by 1
Byte7:	Lowest Cell Voltage ID set by multiplying by 1 then divide by 1

Notes:

CAN Bus Baud rate	Message setting transmit speed for mailboxes 0x300 and 0x301	byte order
250 kbps	104 ms	Big Endian

		Generic Software "E" Controller Faults	
Code	**PROGRAMMER LCD DISPLAY EFFECT OF FAULT**	**POSSIBLE CAUSE**	**SET/CLEAR CONDITIONS**
12	**Controller Overcurrent** *ShutdownMotor; ShutdownMainContactor; ShutdownEMBrake; ShutdownThrottle; FullBrake; ShutdownPump.*	1) External short of phase U, V, or W motor connections 2) Motor parameters are mis-tuned 3) Controller defective 4) Speed encoder noise problems.	**Set:** Phase current exceeded the current measurement limit **Clear:** Cycle KSI
13	**Current Sensor Fault** *ShutdownMotor; ShutdownMainContactor; ShutdownEMBrake; ShutdownThrottle; FullBrake; ShutdownPump.*	1) Leakage to vehicle frame from phase U, V, or W (short in motor stator) 2) Controller defective	**Set**: Controller current sensors have invalid reading **Clear**: Cycle KSI
14	**Precharge Failed** *ShutdownMotor; ShutdownMainContactor; ShutdownEMBrake; ShutdownThrottle; FullBrake; ShutdownPump.*	1) External load on capacitor bank (B+ connection terminal) that prevents the capacitor bank from charging	**Set**: Precharge failed to charge the capacitor bank to KSI voltage **Clear**: Cycle Interlock input or use VCL function *Enable_ Precharge()*
15	**Controller Severe Undertemp** *ShutdownMotor; ShutdownMainContactor; ShutdownEMBrake; ShutdownThrottle; FullBrake; ShutdownPump.*	1) See Monitor menu » Controller: Temperature. 2) Controller is operating in an extreme environment.	**Set:** Heatsink temperature below -40°C. **Clear:** Bring heatsink temperature above -40°C, and cycle interlock or KSI.

Code	PROGRAMMER LCD DISPLAY EFFECT OF FAULT	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SET/CLEAR CONDITIONS
16	**Controller Severe Overtemp** *ShutdownMotor;* *ShutdownMainContactor;* *ShutdownEMBrake;* *ShutdownThrottle;* *FullBrake;* *ShutdownPump.*	1) See Monitor menu » Controller: Temperature. 2) Controller is operating in an extreme environment. 3) Excessive load on vehicle. 4) Improper mounting of controller.	**Set:** Heatsink temperature above +95°C. **Clear:** Bring heatsink temperature below +95°C, and cycle interlock or KSI.
17	**Severe B+ Undervoltage** *Reduced drive torque.*	1) Battery Menu parameters are misadjusted 2) Non-controller system drain on battery 3) Battery resistance 4) Battery disconnected while driving 5) See Monitor Menu >> Battery: Capacitor voltage 6) Blown B+ fuse or main contactor did not close	**Set:** Capacitor bank voltage dropped below the Severe Undervoltage limit with FET bridge enabled **Clear**: Bring capacitor voltage above Severe Undervoltage limit
18	**Severe B+ Overvoltage** *ShutdownMotor;* *ShutdownMainContactor;* *ShutdownEMBrake;* *ShutdownThrottle;* *FullBrake;* *ShutdownPump.*	1) See Monitor menu >> Battery: Capacitor Voltage 2) Battery menu parameters are misadjusted 3) Battery resistance too high for given regen current 4) Battery disconnected while regen braking	**Set:** Capacitor bank voltage exceeded the Severe Overvoltage limit with FET bridge enabled **Clear**: Bring capacitor voltage below Severe Overvoltage limit and then cycle KSI
22	**Controller Overtemp Cutback** *Reduced drive and brake torque.*	1) See Monitor menu >> Controller: Temperature 2) Controller is performance-limited at this temperature 3) Controller is operating in an extreme environment 4) Excessive load on vehicle 5) Improper mounting of controller	**Set**: Heatsink temperature exceeded by 85°C **Clear**: Bring heatsink temperature below 85°C

Code	PROGRAMMER LCD DISPLAY EFFECT OF FAULT	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SET/CLEAR CONDITIONS
23	**B+ Undervoltage Cutback** *Reduced drive torque.*	1) Normal operation. Fault shows that the batteries need recharging. Controller performance is limited at this voltage. 2) Battery parameters are misadjusted 3) Non-controller system drain on battery 4) Battery resistance too high 5) Battery disconnected while driving 6) See Monitor Menu >> Battery: Capacitor voltage 7) Blown B+ fuse or main contactor did not close	**Set**: Capacitor bank voltage dropped below the Undervoltage limit with the FET bridge enabled **Clear**: Bring capacitor voltage below the undervoltage limit
24	**B+ Overvoltage Cutback** *Reduced brake torque .*	1) Normal operation. Fault shows that regen braking currents elevated the battery voltage during regen braking. Controller is performance limited at this voltage. 2) Battery parameters are misadjusted 3) Battery resistance too high for given regen current 4) Battery disconnected while regen braking 5) See Monitor Menu >> Battery: Capacitor voltage	**Set:** Capacitor bank voltage exceeded the Overvoltage limit with the FET bridge enabled **Clear:** Bring capacitor voltage below the Overvoltage limit
25	**5V Supply Failure** *None, unless a fault action is programmed in VCL.*	1) External load impedance on the +5V supply (pin 26) is too low 2) See Monitor menu >> outputs: 5 Volts and Ext Supply Current	**Set**: +5V supply (pin 26) outside the +5V +/- 10% range **Clear**: Bring voltage within range

Code	PROGRAMMER LCD DISPLAY EFFECT OF FAULT	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SET/CLEAR CONDITIONS
26	**Digital Out 6 Overcurrent** *Digital Output 6 driver* *will not turn on.*	1. External load impedance on Digital Output 6 driver (pin 19) is too low.	**Set:** Digital Output 6 (pin 19) current exceeded 15 mA. **Clear:** Remedy the overcurrent cause and use the VCL function Set_DigOut() to turn the driver on again.
27	**Digital Out 7 Overcurrent** *Digital Output 7 driver* *will not turn on.*	1) External load impedance on Digital Output 7 driver (pin 20) is too low.	**Set:** Digital Output 7 (pin 20) current exceeded 15 mA. **Clear:** Remedy the overcurrent cause and use the VCL function Set_DigOut() to turn the driver on again.
28	**Motor Temp Hot Cutback** *Reduced drive torque.*	1) Motor temperature is at or above the programmed Temperature Hot setting, and the requested current is being cut back 2) Motor Temperature Control Menu parameters are mis-tuned 3) See Monitor Menu >> Motor: Temperature and >> Inputs: Analog2 4) If the application doesn't use a motor thermistor, Temp Compensation and Temp Cutback should be programmed Off.	**Set**: Motor temperature is at or above the Temperature Hot parameter setting. **Clear**: Bring the motor temperature within range
29	**Motor Temp Sensor Fault** *MaxSpeed reduced (LOS, Limited Operating Strategy), and motor temperature cutback disabled.*	1) Motor thermistor is not connected properly 2) If the application doesn't use a motor thermistor. Motor Temp Sensor Enable should be programmed OFF 3) See Monitor Menu >> Motor: Temperature and >> Inputs: Analog2	**Set**: Motor thermistor input (pin 8) is at the voltage rail (0 or 10V) **Clear**: Bring the motor thermistor input voltage within range

Code	PROGRAMMER LCD DISPLAY EFFECT OF FAULT	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SET/CLEAR CONDITIONS
31	**Coil1 Driver Open/Short** *ShutdownDriver1.*	1) Open or short on driver load 2) Dirty connector pins 3) Bad crimps or faulty wiring	**Set:** Driver 1 (pin 6) is either open or shorted. This fault can be set only when Main Enable = OFF **Clear**: Correct open or short and cycle driver
31	**Main Open/Short** *ShutdownMotor;* *ShutdownMainContactor;* *ShutdownEMBrake;* *ShutdownThrottle;* *FullBrake;* *ShutdownPump.*	1) Open or short on driver load 2) Dirty connector pins 3) Bad crimps or faulty wiring	**Set:** Main contactor driver (pin 6) is either open or shorted. This fault can be set only when Main Enable = ON **Clear:** Correct open or short, and cycle driver
32	**Coil2 Driver Open/Short** *ShutdownDriver2.*	1) Open or short on driver load. 2) Dirty connector pins. 3) Bad crimps or faulty wiring.	**Set:** Driver 2 (pin 5) is either open or shorted. This fault can be set only when EM Brake Type = 0. **Clear:** Correct open or short, and cycle driver.
32	**EMBrake Open/Short** *ShutdownEMBrake;* *ShutdownThrottle;* *FullBrake.*	1) Open or short on driver load. 2) Dirty connector pins. 3) Bad crimps or faulty wiring.	**Set:** Electromagnetic brake driver (pin 5) is either open or shorted. This fault can be set only when EM Brake Type > 0. **Clear:** Correct open or short, and cycle driver.

Code	PROGRAMMER LCD DISPLAY EFFECT OF FAULT	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SET/CLEAR CONDITIONS
33	**Coil3 Driver Open/Short** *ShutdownDriver3.*	1) Open or short on driver load. 2) Dirty connector pins. 3) Bad crimps or faulty wiring.	**Set:** Driver 3 (pin 4) is either open or shorted. **Clear:** Correct open or short, and cycle driver.
34	**Coil4 Driver Open/Short** *ShutdownDriver4.*	1) Open or short on driver load. 2) Dirty connector pins. 3) Bad crimps or faulty wiring.	**Set:** Driver 4 (pin 3) is either open or shorted. **Clear:** Correct open or short, and cycle driver.
35	**PD Open/Short** *ShutdownPD.*	1) Open or short on driver load. 2) Dirty connector pins. 3) Bad crimps or faulty wiring.	**Set:** Proportional driver (pin 2) is either open or shorted. **Clear:** Correct open or short, and cycle driver.
36	**Encoder Fault** *ShutdownEMBrake;* *ShutdownThrottle.*	1) Motor encoder failure 2) Bad crimps or faulty wiring 3) See Monitor menu >> Motor: Motor RPM	**Set**: Motor encoder phase failure detected. **Clear**: Cycle KSI
36	**Sin/Cos Sensor Fault** *ShutdownEMBrake;* *ShutdownThrottle.*	1) SPMSM motor characterization not completed or poorly matched to motor. 2) Sin/cos feedback sensor failure. 3) Bad crimps or faulty wiring. 4) See Monitor menu » Motor: Sin Input A and Sin Input B. 5) See Monitor menu » Motor: Motor RPM.	**Set:** Sin/cos sensor output failure detected. **Clear:** Cycle KSI.
37	**Motor Open** *ShutdownMotor;* *ShutdownMainContactor;* *ShutdownEMBrake;* *ShutdownThrottle;* *FullBrake;* *ShutdownPump.*	1) Motor phase is open 2) Bad crimps or faulty wiring	**Set**: Motor phase U, V or W detected open **Clear**: Cycle KSI

Code	PROGRAMMER LCD DISPLAY EFFECT OF FAULT	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SET/CLEAR CONDITIONS
38	**Main Contactor Welded** *ShutdownMotor;* *ShutdownMainContactor;* *ShutdownEMBrake;* *ShutdownThrottle;* *FullBrake;* *ShutdownPump.*	1) Main contactor tips are welded closed 2) Motor phase U or V is disconnected or open 3) An alternative voltage path (such as an external precharge resistor) is providing a current to the capacitor bank (B+ connection terminal)	**Set**: Just prior to the main contactor closing, the capacitor bank voltage (B+ connection terminal) was loaded for a short time and the voltage did not discharge **Clear**: Cycle KSI
39	**Main Contactor Did Not Close** *ShutdownMotor;* *ShutdownMainContactor;* *ShutdownEMBrake;* *ShutdownThrottle;* *FullBrake;* *ShutdownPump.*	1) Main contactor did not close 2) Main contactor tips are oxidized, burned, or not making good contact 3) External load on capacitor bank (B+ connection terminal) that prevents capacitor bank from charging 4) Blown B+ fuse	**Set:** With the main contactor commanded closed, the capacitor bank voltage (B+ connection terminal) did not charge to B+ **Clear**: Cycle KSI
41	**Throttle Wiper High** *ShutdownThrottle.*	1) See Monitor Menu >> Inputs: Throttle Pot 2) Throttle pot wiper voltage too high	**Set:** Throttle pot wiper (pin 16) voltage is higher than the high fault threshold (can be changed with the VCL function *Setup_Pot_Faults()*) **Clear**: Bring throttle pot wiper voltage below the fault threshold
42	**Throttle Wiper Low** *ShutdownThrottle.*	1) See Monitor Menu >> Inputs: Throttle Pot 2) Throttle pot wiper voltage too low	**Set:** Throttle pot wiper (pin 16) voltage is lower than the low fault threshold (can be changed with the VCL function Setup_Pot_Faults()) **Clear:** Bring throttle pot wipervoltage above the fault threshold

Code	PROGRAMMER LCD DISPLAY EFFECT OF FAULT	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SET/CLEAR CONDITIONS
43	**Pot2 Wiper High** *FullBrake.*	1) See Monitor Menu >> Inputs: Pot2 Raw 2) Pot2 wiper voltage too high	**Set**: Pot2 wiper (pin 17) voltage is higher than the high fault threshold (can be changed with the VCL function *Setup_Pot_Faults()*) **Clear:** Bring Pot2 wiper voltage below the fault threshold
44	**Pot2 Wiper Low** *FullBrake.*	1) See Monitor Menu >> Inputs: Pot2 Raw 2) Pot2 wiper voltage too low	**Set:** Pot2 wiper (pin 17) voltage is lower than the low fault threshold (can be changed with the VCL function Setup_Pot_Faults()) **Clear**: Bring Pot2 wiper voltage above the fault threshold
45	**Pot Low Overcurrent** *ShutdownThrottle; FullBrake.*	1) See Monitor Menu >> Outputs: Pot Low 2) Combined pot resistance connected to pot low is too low	**Set**: Pot low (pin 18) current exceeds 10mA **Clear**: Clear pot low overcurrent condition and cycle KSI

Code	PROGRAMMER LCD DISPLAY EFFECT OF FAULT	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SET/CLEAR CONDITIONS
46	**EEPROM Failure** *ShutdownMotor;* *ShutdownMainContactor;* *ShutdownEMBrake;* *ShutdownThrottle;* *ShutdownInterlock;* *ShutdownDriver1;* *ShutdownDriver2;* *ShutdownDriver3;* *ShutdownDriver4;* *ShutdownPD;* *FullBrake;* *ShutdownPump.*	1) Failure to write to EEPROM memory. This can be caused by EEPROM memory writes initiated by VCL, by the CAN bus, by adjusting parameters with the programmer, or by loading new software into the controller	**Set**: Controller operating system tried to write to EEPROM memory and failed. **Clear**: Download the correct software (OS) and matching parameter default settings into the controller and cycle KSI
47	**HPD/Sequencing Fault** *ShutdownThrottle.*	1. KSI, interlock, direction, and throttle inputs applied in incorrect sequence. 2. Faulty wiring, crimps, or switches KSI, interlock, direction, or throttle inputs.	**Set:** HPD (High Pedal Disable) or sequencing fault caused by incorrect sequence of KSI, interlock, direction, and throttle inputs. **Clear:** Reapply inputs in correct sequence.
47	**Emer Rev HPD** *ShutdownThrottle;* *ShutdownEMBrake.*	1) Emergency Reverse operation has concluded, but the throttle, forward and reverse inputs, and interlock have not been returned to neutral.	**Set:** At the conclusion of Emergency Reverse, the fault was set because various inputs were not returned to neutral. **Clear:** If EMR_Interlock = On, clear the interlock, throttle, and direction inputs. If EMR_Interlock = Off, clear the throttle and direction inputs.

Code	PROGRAMMER LCD DISPLAY EFFECT OF FAULT	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SET/CLEAR CONDITIONS
49	**Parameter Change Fault** *ShutdownMotor; ShutdownMainContactor; ShutdownEMBrake; ShutdownThrottle; FullBrake; ShutdownPump.*	1) This is a safely fault caused by a change in certain parameter settings so that the vehicle will not operate until KSI is cycled. For example, if a user changes the Throttle Type this fault will appear and require cycling KSI before the vehicle can operate.	**Set:** Adjustment of a parameter setting that requires cycling of KSI **Clear:** Cycle KSI
51	**Acuity/BMS Comm Error**	1) Power to the Acuity lost 2) CAN Bus wire/connector broken	**Set:** CAN communication lost to Acuity. **Clear:** Check CAN bus wiring for broken wires and connectors. Verify that the Acuity is powered.
52	**E7 Throttle Parameter Change Fault**	1) Throttle parameter changed on enGage VII while system functioning	**Set:** enGage VII throttle parameter changed **Clear:** Cycle KSI
53	**Software License Violation**	1)The software that has been installed violates the license agreement between the software and the controller	**Set**: The license of the installed software package does not match the license of the controller. **Clear: Contact HPEVS**
54	**No CAN BUS Traffic from Secondary Controller**	1) No power to secondary controller. 2) Broken wire in the CAN BUS wiring. 3) Faulty secondary controller.	**Set:** Secondary controller not powered. Broken wire on within the CAN BUS wiring harness. Faulty secondary controller. **Clear:** Check wiring. Check power to controller. Check the CAN BUS wiring for continuity. Replace the secondary controller.
55	**Motor Type Change**	1) Motor type was changed through the handheld programmer or 4401/4402 programming station.	**Set:** Motor type changed. **Clear:** Cycle Keyswitch

Code	PROGRAMMER LCD DISPLAY EFFECT OF FAULT	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SET/CLEAR CONDITIONS
56	**E7 COMM Fault**	1) CAN Bus wire/connector broken. 2) Power to the enGage VII has been lost	**Set:** CAN Bus communication failure from the BMS to the controller **Clear:** Check CAN Bus wiring for broken wires and connectors. Verify that the enGage VII is powered and running.
57	**Motor Over Temperature**	1) Motor temperature is above the programmed Temperature Hot setting	**Set:** Motor temperature exceeded the maximum allowed temperature of 160°C **Clear:** Turn off system and wait for motor to cool. Clear any situation that is causing the overheating issue.
62	**Secondary CAN Shutdown Fault**	1) Fault from primary controller	**Set:** Primary controller has a fault. **Clear:** Determine what the fault is on the primary controller and clear. Cycle KSI
65	**Secondary CAN Communication Fault**	1) No power to secondary controller. 2) Broken wire in the CAN BUS wiring. 3) Faulty secondary controller.	**Set:** Secondary controller not powered. Broken wire within the CAN BUS wiring harness. Faulty secondary controller. **Clear:** Check wiring and the fuse. Check the CAN BUS wiring for continuity. Replace the secondary controller.

Code	PROGRAMMER LCD DISPLAY EFFECT OF FAULT	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SET/CLEAR CONDITIONS
68	**VCL Run Time Error** *ShutdownMotor;* *ShutdownMainContactor;* *ShutdownEMBrake;* *ShutdownThrottle;* *ShutdownInterlock;* *ShutdownDriver1;* *ShutdownDriver2;* *ShutdownDriver3;* *ShutdownDriver4;* *ShutdownPD;* *FullBrake;* *ShutdownPump.*	1) VCL code encountered a runtime VCL error 2) See Monitor Menu >> Controller: VCL Error Module and VCL Error. This error can then be compared to the runtime VCL module ID and error code definitions found in the specific OS system information file.	**Set:** Runtime VCL code error condition **Clear**: Edit VCL application software to fix this error condition; flash the new complied software and matching parameter defaults; cycle KSI
69	**External Supply Out of Range**	1) External load on the 5V and 12V supplies draws either too much or too little current 2) Fault Checking Menu parameters Ext Supply Max and Ext Supply Min are mis-tuned 3) See Monitor Menu >> Options: Ext Supply Current	**Set:** The external supply current (combined current used by the 5V supply [pin 26] and the 12V supply [pin 25]) is either greater than the upper current threshold or lower than the lower current threshold. The two thresholds are defined by the External Supply Max and External Supply Min parameter settings. **Clear:** Bring the external supply current within range

Code	PROGRAMMER LCD DISPLAY EFFECT OF FAULT	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SET/CLEAR CONDITIONS
71	**OS General** *ShutdownMotor;* *ShutdownMainContactor;* *ShutdownEMBrake;* *ShutdownThrottle;* *ShutdownInterlock;* *ShutdownDriver1;* *ShutdownDriver2;* *ShutdownDriver3;* *ShutdownDriver4;* *ShutdownPD;* *FullBrake;* *ShutdownPump.*	1) Internal controller fault.	**Set:** Internal controller fault detected. **Clear:** Cycle KSI.
72	**PDO Timeout** *ShutdownThrottle;* *CAN NMT State set to Pre-operational.*	1) Time between CAN PDO messages received exceeded the PDO Timeout Period.	**Set:** Time between CAN PDO messages received exceeded the PDO Timeout Period. **Clear:** Cycle KSI or receive CAN NMT message.
73	**Stall Detected** *ShutdownEMBrake;* *Control Mode changed to LOS (Limited Operating Strategy).*	1) Stalled Motor 2) Motor encoder failure 3) Bad crimps or faulty wiring 4) Problems with power supply for the motor encoder 5) See Monitor Menu >> Motor: Motor RPM	**Set:** No motor encoder movement detected **Clear:** Either cycle KSI or detect valid motor encoder signals while operating in LOS mode and return Throttle Command = 0 and Motor RPM = 0

Code	PROGRAMMER LCD DISPLAY EFFECT OF FAULT	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SET/CLEAR CONDITIONS
77	**Supervisor Fault** *ShutdownMotor;* *ShutdownMainContactor;* *ShutdownEMBrake;* *ShutdownThrottle;* *ShutdownInterlock;* *ShutdownDriver1;* *ShutdownDriver2;* *ShutdownDriver3;* *ShutdownDriver4;* *ShutdownPD;* *FullBrake;* *ShutdownPump.*	1) The Supervisor has detected a mismatch in redundant readings. 2) Internal damage to Supervisor microprocessor. 3) Switch inputs allowed to be within upper and lower thresholds for over over 100 milliseconds.	**Set:** Mismatched redundant readings; damaged Supervisor; illegal switch inputs. **Clear:** Check for noise or voltage drift in all switch inputs; check connections; cycle KSI.
78	**Supervisor Incompatible** *ShutdownMotor;* *ShutdownMainContactor;* *ShutdownEMBrake;* *ShutdownThrottle;* *ShutdownInterlock;* *ShutdownDriver1;* *ShutdownDriver2;* *ShutdownDriver3;* *ShutdownDriver4;* *ShutdownPD;* *FullBrake;* *ShutdownPump.*	1) The main OS is not compatible with the Supervisor OS.	**Set:** Incompatible software. **Clear:** Load properly matched OS code or update the Supervisor code; cycle KSI.
82	**Bad Calibrations** *ShutdownMotor;* *ShutdownMainContactor;* *ShutdownEMBrake;* *ShutdownThrottle;* *FullBrake;* *ShutdownPump.*	1) Internal controller fault.	**Set:** Internal controller fault detected. **Clear:** Correct fault; cycle KSI.

Code	PROGRAMMER LCD DISPLAY EFFECT OF FAULT	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SET/CLEAR CONDITIONS
83	**Driver Supply Fault** *ShutdownMotor;* *ShutdownMainContactor;* *ShutdownEMBrake;* *ShutdownThrottle;* *FullBrake;* *ShutdownPump.*	1) Internal controller fault in the voltage supply for the driver circuits.	**Set:** Internal controller fault detected. **Clear:** Cycle KSI.
84	**Following Error Fault** *ShutdownMotor;* *ShutdownMainContactor;* *ShutdownEMBrake;* *ShutdownThrottle;* *FullBrake;* *ShutdownPump.*	1) Motor speed was detected not following the commanded speed trajectory within the programmed limits. 2) See Program menu » 1-Speed Mode » Speed Controller »Following Error Limit and Following Error Time. 3) See Monitor menu » Motor Tuning » Speed Error.	**Set:** With Control Mode Select = 0 or 1 Speed Mode Express or Speed Mode), motor speed error detected outside the the programmed limits. **Clear:** Cycle KSI.

Code	PROGRAMMER LCD DISPLAY EFFECT OF FAULT	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SET/CLEAR CONDITIONS
87	**Motor Characterization Fault** *ShutdownMotor;* *ShutdownMainContactor;* *ShutdownEMBrake;* *ShutdownThrottle;* *FullBrake;* *ShutdownPump.*	1.) Motor characterization failed during characterization process. See Monitormenu » Controller: Motor Characterization Error for cause: 0=none 1=encoder signal seen, but step size not determined; set Encoder Step Size manually 2=motor temp sensor fault 3=motor temp hot cutback fault 4= controller overtemp cutback fault 5=controller undertemp cutback fault 6=undervoltage cutback fault 7=severe overvoltage fault 8=encoder signal not seen, or one or both channels missing 9=motor parameters out of characterization range. 20=sin/cos sensor not found. 21=phasing not detected. 22=sin/cos sensor characterization failure. 23=started characterization procedure while motor rotating.	**Set:** Motor characterization failed during the motor characterization process. **Clear:** Correct fault; cycle KSI. Notes: Errors 1 and 8 apply to ACIM motors only. Errors 20, 21, and 23 apply to SPMSM motors only. Errors indicate the motor characterization data is invalid, except in the case of Error 1.

Code	PROGRAMMER LCD DISPLAY EFFECT OF FAULT	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SET/CLEAR CONDITIONS
88	**Encoder Steps Count Fault** *ShutdownMotor;* *ShutdownMainContactor;* *ShutdownEMBrake;* *ShutdownThrottle;* *ShutdownInterlock;* *ShutdownDriver1;* *ShutdownDriver2;* *ShutdownDriver3;* *ShutdownDriver4;* *ShutdownPD;* *FullBrake;* *ShutdownPump.*	1) Encoder Steps parameter does not match the actual motor encoder.	**Set:** Motor lost IFO control and accelerated without throttle command. **Clear:** Ensure the Encoder Steps parameter matches the actual encoder; cycle KSI.
89	**Motor Type Fault** ShutdownMotor; ShutdownMainContactor; ShutdownEMBrake; ShutdownThrottle; FullBrake; ShutdownPump.	1) The Motor_Type parameter value is out of range.	**Set:** Motor_Type parameter is set to an illegal value. **Clear:** Set Motor_Type to correct value and cycle KSI.
91	**VCL/OS Mismatch** *ShutdownMotor;* *ShutdownMainContactor;* *ShutdownEMBrake;* *ShutdownThrottle;* *ShutdownInterlock;* *ShutdownDriver1;* *ShutdownDriver2;* *ShutdownDriver3;* *ShutdownDriver4;* *ShutdownPD;* *FullBrake;* *ShutdownPump.*	1) The VCL software in the controller does not match the OS software in the controller.	**Set:** VCL and OS software do not match; when KSI cycles, a check is made to verify that they match and a fault is issued when they do not. **Clear:** Download the correct VCL and OS software into the controller.

Code	PROGRAMMER LCD DISPLAY EFFECT OF FAULT	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SET/CLEAR CONDITIONS
92	**EM Brake Failed to Set** *ShutdownEMBrake;* *ShutdownThrottle;* *Position Hold is engaged* *when Interlock=On.*	1) Vehicle movement sensed after the EM Brake has been commanded to set. 2) EM Brake will not hold the motor from rotating.	**Set:** After the EM Brake was commanded to set and time has elapsed to allow the brake to fully engage, vehicle movement has been sensed. **Clear:** Activate the throttle.
93	**Encoder LOS (Limited Operating Strategy)** *Enter LOS control mode.*	1) Limited Operating Strategy (LOS) control mode has been activated, as a result of either an Encoder Fault (Code 36) or a Stall Detect Fault (Code 73). 2) Motor encoder failure. 3) Bad crimps or faulty wiring. 4) Vehicle is stalled.	**Set:** Encoder Fault (Code 36) or Stall Detect Fault (Code 73) was activated, and Brake or Interlock has been applied to activate LOS control mode, allowing limited motor control. **Clear:** Cycle KSI or, if LOS mode was activated by the Stall Fault, clear by ensuring encoder senses proper operation, Motor RPM = 0, and Throttle Command = 0.
94	**EMR Rev Timeout** *ShutdownEMBrake;* *ShutdownThrottle;*	1) Emergency Reverse was activated and concluded because the EMR Timeout timer has expired. 2) The emergency reverse input is stuck On.	**Set:** Emergency Reverse was activated and ran until the EMR Timeout timer expired. **Clear:** Turn the emergency reverse input Off.
98	**Illegal Model Number** *ShutdownMotor;* *ShutdownMainContactor;* *ShutdownEMBrake;* *ShutdownThrottle;* *FullBrake;* *ShutdownPump.*	1) Model_Number variable contains illegal value. For 1234E/36E/38E models, a value other than 1234, 1236, 1238, or 1298 is illegal. For 1232E models, a value other than 1232 is illegal. 2) Software and hardware do not match. 3) Controller defective.	**Set:** Illegal Model_Number variable; when KSI cycles, a check is made to confirm a legal Model_Number, and a fault is issued if one is not found. **Clear:** Download appropriate software for your controller model.

Code	PROGRAMMER LCD DISPLAY EFFECT OF FAULT	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SET/CLEAR CONDITIONS
99	**Parameter Mismatch Fault** *ShutdownMotor;* *ShutdownMainContactor;* *ShutdownEMBrake;* *ShutdownThrottle;* *FullBrake;* *ShutdownPump.*	1) Dual Motor Enable parameter set On and Control Mode Select parameter not set to 1 (Speed Mode Express) or 2 (Speed Mode). 2) Motor Technology and Feedback Type parameters do not match.	**Set:** When the Dual Drive software is enabled, the controller must be set to either Speed Mode Express or Speed Mode; otherwise this fault is set. Motor Technology=0 must be paired with Feedback Type=1, and Motor Technology=1 must be paired with Feedback Type=2; otherwise this fault is set. **Clear:** Adjust parameters to appropriate values and cycle KSI.

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

1. **Accel Rate:** sets the rate (in seconds) at which the motor torque increases to full when full throttle is applied. Larger values represent slower response.
2. **Acuity:** Battery Monitoring System from Curtis Instruments.
3. **Amphour Capacity:** Amphour capacity of battery pack based on Amphour rating of battery.
4. **Baud rate:** a unit used to measure the speed of electronic code transmission, equal to one-unit interval per second.
5. **Battery Type:** Battery type defined by system:
   a. **0=** Lithium (battery state of charge based on amphours remaining)
   b. **1=** Flooded
   c. **2=** AGM
   d. **3=** Gel
6. **BMS:** Battery Management System
7. **Brake Current Limit**: Sets the maximum RMS regen current during braking when a brake command is given, as a percentage of the controller's full rated current. The full rated current depends on the controller model.
8. **Brake Input Rate**: Sets the rate (in seconds) at which the vehicle slows down when brake is applied or when throttle is applied in the opposite direction. Larger values represent slower response.
9. **Brake Maximum:** Defines the input voltage required to produce 100% braking torque. Decreasing the brake max setting reduces the amount of voltage necessary to produce full braking torque.
10. **Brake Type:** Defines the brake input for the controller:
    a. Type 1= 3 wire 0 to 5kohm pot or electronic 0-5v input or pressure transducer.
    b. Type 2= 2 wire with switch; 0 to 5kohm.
    c. Type 3= switch.
11. **CAN:** Controller Area Network. A vehicle bus standard designed to allow microcontrollers and devices to communicate with each other within a vehicle. All controllers on the CAN bus need to have the Baud Rate set the same.
12. **Creep Torque:** Determines the amount of torque applied to the vehicle at a stop with no throttle input, to emulate the feel of an automatic transmission automobile. WARNING! When interlock is engaged, creep torque allows vehicle propulsion if a direction is selected even though no throttle is applied. Care should be taken when setting up this parameter. If pedal braking is enabled, creep torque is progressively disabled as brake is applied so as to prevent the motor from driving into the brakes and thus wasting energy.
13. **Deadband**: is an area of a signal range or band where no action occurs (the system is dead).
14. **Decel Rate**: Sets the rate (in seconds) that is used to slow down the vehicle when the throttle is reduced. Larger values represent slower response.

15. **Descent Control**: By using a pushbutton switch the downhill speed of the vehicle can be controlled.
16. **EncA & B**: two signals from the encoder for which the controller determines direction of rotation and speed of the motor.
17. **enGage VII**: a display manufactured by Curtis Instruments that is microprocessor based, CAN compatible instrument with full Input/output capability.
18. **Field Weakening Rate**: Determines the control loop gains for field weakening. Setting the rate too low may create surging in the vehicle as it accelerates at mid to high speeds. Setting the rate too high may create high frequency oscillations (usually audible) when the vehicle accelerates at mid to high speeds.
19. **Generic CAN Message**: CAN message containing general information regarding the status of the motor and controller.
20. **Idle Torque**: Torque load delivered by the motor at idle. If the Idle for the motor is enabled, idle torque will equal creep torque.
21. **Load Meter**: The LED lights that are located on the bottom of the Spyglass represent how much of a load is exerted on the system.
22. **Neutral Braking**: Neutral braking occurs progressively when the throttle is reduced toward the neutral position or when no direction is selected. The neutral braking parameter is adjustable from 0 to 100% of the regen current limit.
23. **Nominal Voltage**: Battery pack voltage; not to exceed controller voltage ratings.
24. **Regenerative Braking**: Regenerative braking is used on electric vehicles to recoup some of the energy lost during stopping. This energy is saved to the batteries and used later to power the motor to put the car in motion.
25. **Shift Neutral Braking:** Adjustment to neutral braking while pressing the clutch to shift a manual transmission
26. **SOC**: State of charge.
27. **Spyglass**: Name given by Curtis Instruments to the 8 segment LCD, 5-LED display.
28. **Throttle Maximum**: Defines the wiper input voltage required to produce 100% controller output. Decreasing the throttle max setting reduces the amount of voltage necessary to produce full controller output.
29. **Throttle Type**: Defines the throttle input for the controller:
     a. Type 1= Electronic without switch
     b. Type 2= 0-5K ohm 2 wire pot with switch.
     c. Type 3= 0-5K ohm 3-wire pot with switch. Electronic with switch.
     d. Type 4= wigwag 3-wire 0-5K ohm, or 0-5v voltage source.